THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1872. [VOLUME V—NUMBER 84

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

FOR CONGRESS:

LUTHER J. GLENN,

OF FULTON COUNTY.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

Fulton Democratic Ticket.

FOR ORDINARY:
DANIEL PITTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF:
A. M. PERKERSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:
W. R. VENABLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
C. M. PAYNE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:
A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:
S. R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
B. F. WALKER.

FOR CORONER:
WILLIAM KILE.

[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 22.

☞ *See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page.*

The Herald.

We understand that this paper has been sold to the extent of two-thirds interest to Colonel R. A. Alston and Mr. Henry Grady, of the Rome Commercial, each having a third interest. The proprietors are now Mr. A. St. Clair Abrams, Colonel Alston and Mr. Henry Grady.

☞ In the communication, on the second page, recommending G. W. Jack for Alderman from the First Ward, the following sentence is marred by a typographical error. We republish it corrected:

"Nor has he ever been an office-seeker or active politician, but his energy and liberality have not the less been felt in building up the substantial prosperity of our city."

Georgia "Biling."

The old Harry seems to be broken loose in Georgia.

Atlanta with her duels and trance lectures is furnishing her quota of rousement. On our fourth page will be found an account of most extraordinary didoes in Appling county, where the spirits seem to have scatterlophisticated an honest citizen's home in a lively sort of mysterious and destructive racket.

The code case in Savannah adds to the jumblement.

Verily, we have fallen on queer times. If we can defeat Grant it will be all right however.

Our Courts.

SUPERIOR COURT met this morning, his Honor Judge Hopkins presiding. The case of Van Epps vs. The City, occupied the attention of the Court during the morning. At the hour of adjournment, Solicitor J. T. Glenn, was addressing the jury. After his argument is finished this afternoon, Judge Pope concludes.

CITY COURT.—Judge Cowart presiding. Gus Norris (colored) up for misdemeanor Guilty—fined $25 or six months in prison.

William Fields, (colored) larceny from the house, fined $50 or six months.

Daniel Tiller, (colored) larceny from the house, $25 or six months.

Anderson Brown, larceny from the house, $60 or ten months.

JUSTICE COURTS.—There was no criminal business before any of the Courts this morning.

Georgia News.

The negroes of Bainbridge have an Aiding and Benevolent Society in Bainbridge.—*Weekly Sun.*

Jonesboro is to have a Kimball House. Rev. Mr. Chaudoin, of Jonesboro, has been quite ill but is recovering.—*Clayton Times.*

It is reported that J. S. Bigby, the Radical candidate for Congress, has withdrawn from the contest, and proposes coming to Savannah and entering upon the practice of law. Some Federal troops entered the house of a brother soldier in Savannah, on Sunday last during the absence of the family, broke open trunks and chests, and robbed them of their valuables. Large flocks of ducks are settling in the water courses along the coast, which it is said, is indicative of a severe winter. The coast is also lined with sea birds, the number being greater than for many years.—*Savannah News.*

Tennessee News.

Memphis has now two first class theatres.

The Memphis Exposition is reported flourishing.

Backenstone's circus and menagerie bursted at Memphis.

John Quincy Adams Dawson, exhibits a fourteen pound potato.

Barnum's great show will visit Memphis November 20th and 21st.

Two hundred and twenty-six delegates were present at the opening of the Methodist Conference at Nashville.

Business Notes.

Emigration from England shows no falling off.

The northern whaling fleet this season is much reduced in number.

Advices from Honolulu represent a short supply of sugar on that market and a scarcity of labor at the plantations.

The Russian press regards Dr. Livingston's explorations in Africa as the beginning of a new commercial era, which is destined to open that unknown country to the outside world.

Alabama News.

Coosa river is very low.

Tuscumbia has a new cotton factory and machine shop.

Texas fever is raging among the young men of Cherokee.

Rev. Dr. Stainback has taken charge of the Presbyterian Church at Huntsville.

Messrs. Aiken & Davenport are amusing the theatre going citizens of Mobile.

Farmers around Centre are holding back their cotton and corn for higher prices.

The Greenville Alabamian is in mourning for the death of Dr. Jennings, its late editor.

Robert Allen, of DeKalb county, was run over and killed by a train on the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad.

Briefs.

Paris has 22,530 rag-pickers.

As you give yourself, so the world takes you.

August Belmont clears about $3,000,000 a year.

Let your losses in the past be your lessons in the future.

Bonner paid Fanny Fern $150,000 for her contributions to the Ledger.

Modesty to woman is like moss to the rose, it conceals to charm the more.

"GREENSBURG, S. C.

ORAN[illegible] of this Village

A Lively Description [illegible]dents.

by Our Own Correspondent.

ORANGEBURG CO., S. C., Oct. 17, 18[illegible]

Editors Constitution: On Wednesday last we paid a visit to the town of Orangeburg, S. C., which is pleasantly located on the North Edisto river, about eighty miles from Charleston.

During the summer season numerous little fishing boats ply up and down the river in quest of piscatorial sports. A great many shad and trout are caught. The inhabitants of the town amuse themselves in summer by fishing and rowing in the river, or holding picnics under the shade of the wide spreading oaks growing near the river bank.

Just on the left hand side of the bridge, going towards the town, near the middle of the river, is a beautiful drift of moss about twenty feet in diameter. To the right we are shown a tree pierced by bullets, where during the late war a brave young soldier was shot to the heart rather than betray his comrades into the enemy's hands.

As we cross the river and enter the town, in almost every direction we gaze, we can see great strings of wagons coming in laden with cotton. Sometimes the planter acts as his own driver; then again we behold him on horseback or in a buggy, riding leisurely in the rear ever watchful of the load in front. They are all journeying towards the same point, viz: a large yard enclosed by a tall plank fence near the central part of the business street.

Here, with their hands stuck in their pockets, a cigar or pipe in one corner of their mouths, may be found a score or so of merchants, sauntering about trying to strike a bargain with first this countryman, and then another. As the trade grows brisk the cigars are thrown away, the hands taken from the pockets, the dull, listless expression of countenance gives place to shrewd, business-like one, and for an hour or so a perfect Babel of voices is heard.

Some of the leading mercantile houses, among which we may mention those of Messrs. Bull & Scovill, and Geo. H. Cornelson, buy about twelve or fifteen hundred bales of cotton a piece a year.

Orangeburg has, like other towns of her size and population, but one principal street on which may be found about fifty stores, most of them containing dry goods. Among the leading ones are those of Messrs. Bull & Scovill, Geo. H. Cornelson, above mentioned, and also D. Louis, Joseph McNamard, F. H. W. Briggs, etc. All the stores are new, the town having been burned by Sherman in February, 1865.

Mr. Riggs, the present Sheriff, has a plaining mill, cotton press, grist mill and carriage factory, all superintended by himself alone, a great undertaking, we think, for one man.

The population of Orangeburg is 2,400. The town is Democratic, but the country intensely Radical. This is easily accounted for as the white voters number 1,699, while the negroes number 3,300.

There are three papers published here, the Times, News and Temperance Advocate. The editor of the News, a Radical, is up for the Legislature.

There is no court house; the old one having been burned by Sherman during his march through South Carolina in 1865. The elections are held in a long building devoted to lawyer's offices, which stands in the old court-yard.

We notice here, as we have found it to be the case in every portion of the State we have yet visited, that the white schools are in a poor condition. In the year 1869, the female college in Orangeburg was seized by the negroes, who have held it ever since. A white man, who formerly had his daughter educated here at home, must now either send her out of the State or let her grow up in ignorance; while daily, before his very eyes, great groups of strapping negro girls pass along the streets with satchels flung over their arms, wending their way toward the noble old building which in other days was the *alma mater* of some of the most distinguished women of our land. Oh! me, 'tis sad indeed to us to see how the noble old "Palmetto State," our birthplace, has fallen! How it cuts us to the quick to see the children here growing up uneducated, and how often we think of 'our girls" in Georgia, how blest they are and wish that like them they had here too a Professor Mallon.

Unlike the schools the churches are in a very prosperous condition. There are four, Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian and Episcopal. The Methodists we learn have the largest congregation. A Sabbath school is connected with each of these.

Orangeburg, too, has its Agricultural society, numbering about one hundred and fifty members. On the 29th of the present month, next Monday week, the County Fair commences, lasting three days. The farmers and their worthy dames for miles are getting ready for it. We were shown this morning a large hog raised by Mr. Darling Barnes, which he intends sending to the Fair. It is a breed known hereabouts as the "Piney Woods," and is about two years' old and weighs over 600 pounds, and is nine and one half hands high.

We would like very much to stay here until the Fair is over, but cannot, as we expect to leave for Charleston the first of next week.

I may send you soon a description of a visit we made to Bailing Springs Campmeeting and how we got lost in the "piney woods" of South Carolina. Yours,

ANNIE MARIA.

ANOTHER CODE CASE.

It Rages All Over Georgia.

A Funny Specimen in Savannah

[From the Savannah News.]

Some interest and excitement was created in certain circles on Saturday by the mysterious rumor that two gentlemen from the up country had arrived in the city for the purpose of settling a little affair according to the Code of honor, on tracing up the report we ascertain that a robust personage had arrived on the 10:30 A. M. train, on the Gulf Road, and stopped at the Marshall House. On slighting from the omnibus it was noticed that he carried, partially wrapped in a shawl, a long rifle. His countenance bore a threatening aspect, and there was an air of determination about him, that induced the impression that his visit to the city was out of the usual character. On entering the hotel he inquired if he could get breakfast, and was informed by the clerk that the matutional meal was over, but that he would try and get up something for him. The gentleman, who registered himself as Col. Wm. R. Gaulden, Liberty county, then desired that fish be served up for his breakfast, but was informed that it was doubtful whether they could be obtained. He insisted on fish, however; if he could not get the fish he wanted nothing. We have heard that fish was good food for those engaged in literary occupations but from the persistency with which the gentleman demanded a few specimens of the finny tribe we infer they are also valuable contributors to the health of those on sanguinary purposes bent. The gallant Colonel, sometimes known as the "Roaring Lion of Liberty," however, got his fish and breakfast, shouldered his rifle and started on the war path, apparently determined on some decisive action.

Some time ago a controversy sprang up between Mr. Walter A. Way, of Tebeauville, Liberty county, and Colonel Gaulden, in regard to the expulsion of the latter from the Democratic Committee, in consequence of his announcement as an independent candidate for Senator in opposition to the regular nominee of the party. Several communications were published in one of the city papers from these parties, in which they handled each other without gloves. It was supposed that the offensive remarks would result in a difficulty, but nothing was heard of it until a few days since, when it is reported that Mr. Way met Colonel Gaulden in Hinesville and slapped his face. The gallant Colonel, whom, it seems, possesses wonderful control over his temper, did not resent the insult at the time, but intimated his intention to appeal to the code of honor. In pursuance of this determination, he endeavored to obtain a second, but was unsuccessful, and was compelled to send a challenge to Mr. Way by a particular friend of the latter, who only carried it as a favor, and with the understanding that he had nothing to do with the affair. Mr. Way, it is stated, read the challenge, filed it away, and took no further notice of it. The Colonel, it seems, concluded, or expressed the belief, that the challenged party would meet him at the appointed place, Screven's Ferry, on the South Carolina side of the river. During Saturday morning he hunted around here for a second, and asked two gentlemen to act in that capacity for him, but both declined the honor. The Colonel, who had his spirit up, gave out the impression that Mr. Way was hunting for him. The gentleman was in town, and [illegible] was not here it seems, and after spending a fruitless day on the war-path with his rifle as a companion, Colonel Gaulden, is is stated, left with an acquaintance for Screven's Ferry in the afternoon, concluding that as his enemy was not in the city he had gone over to the Ferry, and was awaiting him. On his arrival at the grounds the savagerous Colonel hunted around, but no game worthy of his mammoth rifle appeared, and disappointed, he returned to the city. The report that Mr. Way had sent a challenge to Colonel Gaulden, we are informed, is untrue; that face-slapping proceeding was the extent of his code.

The colonel, with his trusty rifle, left for his home on the 7 o'clock train on the Gulf Road Saturday night. We learn that, in a brief conversation with the party who checked his rifle, he stated that he had been over to Screven's Ferry to meet a man, but that he was not there. The colonel expressed gratification at his absence, saying "if he had been there I would have killed him, and I am glad he kept out of the way." So this wild hunt for gore resulted in a grand fiasco, and the colonel will probably live to fight many more such duels.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BIG CHICAGO FIRE.

Big Injun War Threatened.

A City's Horses Swept Off

Another Railroad Collision.

[Associated Press Dispatches.]

WASHINGTON.

NO CHANGE IN THE ADMINISTRATION'S INJIAN POLICY.

WASHINGTON, October 22.—Commissioner Walker denies that there is to be any change in the Indian policy of the administration.

IDAHO.

GENERAL INDIAN OUTBREAK THREATENED

SAN FRANCISCO, October 22.—The latest advices from Idaho represent a general Indian outbreak as imminent.

ILLINOIS.

ANOTHER GREAT FIRE IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, October 22.—The West Side Omnibus stables were burned with 50 horses. The loss is one-half a million of dollars.

NEW YORK.

HORSE DISEASE IN ROCHESTER—TWEED NON COMATIBUS IN SWAMPO.

ROCHESTER, October 22.—The horse disease is on the increase, and there are few horses in the city that are not affected. The Street Railway Company have suspended operations, all the horses being sick. The Livery Stables and Express Companies have also suspended. There is hardly a horse to be seen in the streets, and not a farmer's team in sight hereabouts.

NEW YORK, October 22.—The Sheriff is ignorant of Tweed's present whereabouts but believes he will appear when wanted.

It is reported that two hundred families from Alsace and Lorraine are preparing to settle in the neighborhood of Alexandria, Virginia. Since the first of January last between six and seven thousand of Alsatians have reached this city.

The National Insurance Convention met last evening according to adjournment. A few additional officers have arrived. No business done. Adjourned until to day.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

ANOTHER TERRIBLE RAILROAD COLLISION

PORTSMOUTH, October 22.—A Pullman train on the Eastern Railroad, bound for Boston, at 3 o'clock this morning ran into a freight train at Seabrook, sixteen miles from this place, and it is reported that a number of persons were killed and wounded, including the engineer, Deering, and the fireman of the Pullman train. There is no telegraph station at Seabrook and particulars of the disaster cannot be expected until later in the day.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 22.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 20½; sales 1,196 bales.

Flour quiet and heavy. Wheat dull and declining. Corn quiet and steady. Pork steady. Lard steady. Turpentine dull at 63½. Rosin quiet at $4 35. Freights steady Stocks very strong. Gold steady at 18 Money easy at 5. Exchange—long 9¾; short 10¼. Governments dull and steady. State bonds dull but strong.

LONDON, October 22, noon.—Consols 91½; 5's 88½.

LIVERPOOL, October 22, noon.—Cotton opened quiet but steady; middling uplands 9½@9¾; Orleans 10¼@10¾.

LATER.—Cotton quiet but steady; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000. Breadstuffs quiet. Flour 30s 6d.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, Oct. 22, 1 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—Rain last night—cool and cloudy this morning—trade quiet.

COTTON market easier at 17½ on the streets.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at ½ discount; selling at par.

FINANCIAL.—We quote money at 1½ per month. Gold buying 111; selling at 113 Silver buying at 105; selling at 108.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 72a74; 7s 82a84; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73a75; 8s 83a85. Augusta 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock 94a96; Georgia Railroad bonds 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 99a99; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 98a98. Atlanta National Bank stock 120.

BACON.—We quote shoulders 9; clear sides 13; clear rib sides 12½; country hams 12½a13; S. C. hams 16½a19; plain canvass hams 15

BULK MEATS.—Shoulders 8½; C. R. sides 11½; clear sides 12; long clear sides 10½.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 12½; cans, 12½; tierces, 11½.

FLOUR.—Fancy $10 00; extra family $9 25a9 50; family $8 25a8 50; superfine $5 50a7,00

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 90; yellow and mixed—none. Wheat best quality $1 70a1 75; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 55a65. Rye1 25a$1 30. Barley $1 10a $1 15.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14½. Coffee A 13a13½; for Extra C 12¾a13; Yellow C 12½; Brown 11¼a13. Tallow 7. Liver pool salt $3 00; Virginia salt $3. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7½c per box Georgia Soap Factory—5a7c per pound Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 18a20 Pepper 25a28 Corn meal 87a90. Starch 6a10 Rice 9½ for tierces. Java Coffee 27a30 Rio 20a24. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 38, bbls. 80. Cheese, factory 17a18.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gunny 15; magnolia and other Western brands 16½a17; double anchor and Ludlow 17a17½. Ties 9a10. These prices are shaded to the trade.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11; Trion, 7-8, 11; Augusta 7-8, 11; Graniteville, 4-4, 12½; Trion, 4-4, 12½; Augusta, 4-4, 12½; Graniteville, 3-4 9; Augusta, 3-4, 9; light osnaburgs 14; heavy osnaburgs 16c; Yarns—$1 60.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Georgia new crop $30a35.

DRY GOODS.—Cambries—glazed 9a10; pa[illegible] high colors 11½. Bleached per colors [illegible]. Ginghams—heavy 12½a25, Cotton 7a21. Ging[illegible] Tickings 9a30.

PRINTS.—Wamsutta 9; Bedford 9; [illegible] keag 10a10½; Arnold 10; Albions 11½; Spragues 11½; Richmond 11½; Dunnells 11½.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 25; chickens 22½a25; country butter 25a30.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Sweet Potatoes $1 per bushel. Table Peas $1 50. Turnips 10c per bunch. Onions 50c per peck. Irish potatoes, 40c per peck; $1 50 per bushel. Apples Southern 75a$1 00c per bushel; Northern $1 50a2 00 per bushel. Cabbage 10a25c a piece. Chestnuts—buying prices $3 per bushel.

TOBACCO.—Low grades, sound dark, 46a 48; low grades, sound mahogany, 50a52; medium 52a55; medium bright 65a70; good bright 65a80; favorite brands of fine 85a $1 10. Trade pretty good.

NAILS.—Per keg, 10d to 60d, $6 25; 8d, $6 50; 6d, $6 75; 4d, $7; 3d, $8 25; fine, $9 75 finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75c on above prices.

LEATHER.—Calf skins—domestic 90a$4 per dozen; French 45a$66. Harness leather 28a35c per pound; sole leather 27a33½; oak 28a50c; split 40c; kips, country, 45a60c per pound.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Blasting powder $5; rifle powder per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; half kegs $4; quarter kegs $3 25. Patent shot bag $3 25.

Wild Pigeon Roost in Maryland.

From the Baltimore Gazette, October 11]

Probably the largest pigeon roost ever known in Maryland is now existing on the farm of Mr. Wm. Schley, near Oakland, in Allegany county. The pigeons collect nightly on a tract of ground covered with alder bushes, occupying about six acres. The pigeons first appeared about ten days ago in countless flocks. The Cumberland News says: The in-flocking pigeons gradually settled down upon the bushes until they were bent to the ground by the weight of the birds. Still more pigeons came flying in from distant points, and continued to settle down on the already living mass, until the whole five or six acres were compactly covered. So great was the number of birds that they were piled upon each other in places from one to two feet in depth. The pigeons continued flocking in and setting upon and among each other from about 4 o'clock in the afternoon until nightfall, when at last they became still, and prepared for their night's rest. With the early dawn of the morning flock after flock arose and flew away in all directions, which departures were continued until about 9 o'clock, when the place was deserted and not a living bird to be seen during the remainder of the day, until toward evening, when they again began flocking back to the same roosts, and the scenes of the evening before were again to be witnessed. All this has occurred daily for the past 10 days. It is estimated that all the flocks of pigeons for perhaps fifty or sixty miles around thus gather at this one spot each evening during their annual migratory visit to the immense forest regions of the Alleghany mountains in quest of the heavy mass of acorns abounding there. This is the only roost known this season in this or any of the bordering counties, and is, perhaps, the only one within a circle of several hundred miles. It is a well-established fact that these birds have but one roosting place within a very large territory, and in their transit to warmer latitudes, and during their stoppage by the way, use one place only as a roost at night. At this wonderful roost, on Col. Schley's place, thousands and thousands of pigeons have been nightly captured by men and boys, with guns, clubs and bags. After nightfall a person can go among the birds and scoop them into the mouth of a bag. It is needless to add that thousands of them have been wantonly shot, and allowed to remain upon the ground where they died

Hendricks Elected by 1,600 Majority —Some Talk of Contesting the Election, with Chances in Favor of the Whole Ticket.

Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

INDIANAPOLIS, October 18.—The following is the official majority for Hendricks in Indiana: All the returns are in except Delaware and Pike. Delaware gave Browne 1,146 majority, and Pike gave Hendricks 120. Mr. Hendricks' majority is 1,186.

Mr. Kerr was defeated by 146, and Mr. Eddy was defeated by 65 votes.

There is some talk of contesting the election, as it has been ascertained that in one township in Boone county the judges and clerks were not sworn in at all. If this proves to be true, and that township is thrown out, it will elect nearly all the Democratic officers. I have no doubt but a recount of the poll all over the State will be ordered.

The Legislature stands twelve Republican on joint ballot.

J. A. STANSBURY.

DEATH OF DR. T. A. PARSONS, OF BURKE COUNTY.—It is our melancholy duty to announce the death of this prominent citizen of Burke county, which occurred at his residence on Wednesday night, the 9th inst.

Dr. Parsons was a native of Johnson county and was in the 59th year of his age. He leaves a wife and two sons, both of whom have already attained their majority, the younger a promising young lawyer, who had but recently settled in the city of Atlanta.

Dr. Parsons was a gentleman of the old school, whose princely hospitality and liberal charities to the poor in his neighborhood will long be remembered, and the news of his death will bring sorrow and sadness to the hearts of many among his large circle of friends and acquaintances.—*Sandersville Georgian.*

South Carolina News.

William Knox, of Chester, is dead.

Heavy frosts are noted in the upper counties.

The Circuit Court of Anderson was in session three weeks.

Marlboro court house was damaged some by fire on Monday night last.

The lot for the new court house in Columbia has been purchased for $7,000.

On Monday night last, four negro children were burned to death in a house in Marlboro county.

The members of the Presbyterian church in Columbia have called Rev. J. A. Le Fevre, D.D., of Baltimore, to become its pastor.

Savannah Medical College

THE 16th Session of Medical Lectures in the Savannah Medical College, will commence on Monday, November 4th, 1872. The Introductory lecture being delivered by Professor J. G. Thomas. The course of instruction will be eminently practical and complete, the college being furnished with all the requisite apparatus and means of illustrating the various subjects taught by the different professors. The charter is more ample in its provisions, and will confer on its graduates any privileges which any institution in the South can grant. Increased clinical advantages have been obtained, and students will have abundant opportunities for the practical study of disease. Send for circulars.

For further information address

W. DUNCAN, M. D.
Dean of Faculty.

oct8-1aw6t

T. A. CHASTAIN,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Musical Instruments,

MARIETTA STREET.

HAVING bought out GEO. COOK & CO.'S stock of Musical Instruments, is now, rented and sold on installments, cleaned, etc., I will continue the business at the old stand. The patronage of the public respectfully solicited.

October 14, 1872.

oct15-d1w T. A. CHASTAIN.

THE STANDARD IN THE VAN!

ALL other Church Music Books, of whatever degree of excellence, are respectfully invited to fall in rear of

THE STANDARD!

Our New Collection of Music for Choirs, Conventions and Singing Schools. It cannot be excelled in quality, and intends to lead in circulation.

Gems of the Merits—Short Theory. Abundant Material, Sacred and Secular, for practice. Richest set of Metrical Tunes, in large, clear print and not crowded—a great advantage. Unusually good collection of Anthems, Set Pieces, &c. The compilers, Messrs. L. O. EMERSON, of Boston, and H. R. PALMER, of Chicago, are perhaps the most skillful men of their time in adapting music to the wants of the "singing" public. Price, $1 50. Specimen copies sent, for the present, post-paid, for $1 25.

A Perfect Success! The Printers cannot keep pace with the demand! Ditson & Co.'s

GEMS OF STRAUSS!

BY JO[illegible] STRAUSS!

It is a large book [of 320 pages], full sheet music size, filled with the best Strauss Waltzes, Polkas, Quadrilles, &c., including those performed in this country, under the direction of the great composer.

Abou[illegible] $40 00 worth of music are included in the "Gems" which are, however, sold for the diminutive price of

$1 00 in Boards, $2 00 in Cloth. Sent, post-paid, for the retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

oct15— sp13—wed&sat&w1y

THE BEST REAL ESTATE IN

Northeast Georgia,

For Sale---Three Fine Farms.

ONE piece containing 975 acres, nearly all wood land, and very heavily timbered, in 4 miles from Clarkesville, and about the same distance from Air-Line Railroad. On this is a Lime Kiln in fine order, capacity 800 bushels, and excellent Lime. Dwelling house of 8 rooms, and a fine orchard. The place is well watered. Price $4,500.

Also, a good farm, three miles from Macoochee Valley, containing 450 acres, about 100 acres of which is open Bottom—very productive. On this place a good saw and Grist Mill, and a nice framed Cottage, 4 rooms. Good well on the place. Several fine springs. Price $4,500.

ALSO, a fine place containing 2,101 acres of land, lying in the fork of Soquee and Chattahoochee Rivers, about one-third cleared land, in 4 miles of Air-Line Railroad. Most elegant range leading to this place. The Pine timber is fine and beautiful. On this place are two of the best water falls in all this section. They are near each other, on which are a Grist Mill and a splendid Circular Saw Mill, in fine order, and doing a heavy business. Several nice settlements on the place, and very comfortable houses. The cleared land in good state of cultivation. There is every inducement for capitalists.

The Land is Good---Timber Fine.

Any kind of manufacturing or machinery can be ran on these magnificent water powers. Price $30,000. Terms made easy on all these places. These three places are the best on the market. They are in the most healthy section of the country.

Parties wishing to see any of these places can do so by calling on Capt. J. H. Nichols, Macoochee Valley, or myself. A plat of the last place can be seen at my office.

E. B. CHESHIRE,
Real Estate Agent,
oct13-d2w Gainesville, Hall county, Ga.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

ALL OVER THE WORLD!

Just received before going to Press via Submarine Cable. Latest Telegraphic News. News of Great Importance to Paris, London and Liverpool, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and all the principal cities East of the Mississippi. Our friend

E. BLOCK,

From 45 Peachtree street is coming. The late French War with Germany is over. NO HUMBUG. For all particulars inquire of our friend, E. BLOCK, just returned from the best Importing places from a voyage of ninety-five days, visiting the Principal Manufacturing Importer and Exclusive Jobbing House, therefore we politely invite to call, young and old—entrance free—and examine his entire stock of Dress Goods, which

Must be Sold in 30 Days

from date, without regard to cost. No Humbug.

READ! READ! READ!

SELLING OFF

My Entire Stock of Dress Goods.

French Merino, worth $1, Selling price with us only 65 Cents.

French Merino, worth $1, selling at 85 Cents.

Owing to a contemplated change I will sell the above goods to make room for our latest style of French stock of Fancy Goods and large stock of the latest

Importation of Millinery Goods,

too numerous to mention.

A SALES LADY WANTED for thirty days.

Again we politely invite our friends and customers and thanking them for past favors. Resp ectfully,

E. BLOCK,

45 Peachtree Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Known as the French Millinery and Manufacturer of SUN BONNETS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

P. S.—The greatest Novelty of the Season, subject to a test. THE BEAUTY OF THE BEETLES which I am the special agent for all over the United States. Only take orders by the case containing 12 dozens. Also offer them at our retail store in Atlanta, Georgia, the great Improvement of the period.

THE CASHMERE SKIRT.

Every lady in Atlanta and vicinity is invited to call and convince herself, as I guarantee fast colors.

One Price Only. Quick Sales and Small Profits.

oct8—d1m

CHANCE OF NAME.

THE ROME HOTEL, J. A. Stansbury, Prop'r late, located near the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landing and convenient to the business portion of town, on the corner of Broad and South Street, formerly known as the Tennessee House, was opened last October for the purpose of being refitted. The work has been completed and the House is now ready for the reception of guests, to which every comfort that is to be found in the Best Hotels of the country.

feb20—1an20-d&f J. A. STANSBURY

THE GENUINE

STANARD SCALES.

More than 250 Different Modifications

Agents also for the Best Alarm Money Drawer.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
166 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
58 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.

sep17—d1awtw

THE

"BEST TO USE."
"EASIEST TO SELL."

S. M. Agents!
It don't pay you to fight the best machine; prove our claims; get the agency and sell it. Address

"DOMESTIC" S. M. Co, 96 Chambers St., N. Y.

No. 4 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

We have several of the late Improved Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, Howe, Wood and Florence Machines that we have taken in exchange at a low price, for sale very cheap

sept25-1awtm

AGENTS WANTED.

The Master Spirits of the World,

AND

THE TREASURE HOUSE OF AMERICA.

THE GREAT BOOK OF THE YEAR.

AGENTS report sales of 25 to 100 copies in a few hours or days. Prospectuses Free. Address J. B. JOSEPHS, New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans. sept20—1m[illegible]d&w7

Paris Millinery Emporium,

No. 35 WHITEHALL STREET,

(UP-STAIRS, OVER MEADOR & BRO.)

Mrs. E. L. McDowell

HAS just returned from New York with an elegant and attractive assortment of Prices, Samples of the latest styles, together with SASH RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS AND FEATHERS Real and Imitation Hair Goods, Sets of Curls, Lace Collars and Cape and Furs, etc., of THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

To which she would solicit a call from her old customers and ladies of Atlanta and vicinity, and visitors to the STATE FAIR, and will be prepared to suit the most fastidious.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

Peter Lynch,

99 Whitehall Street,

WHOLESALE and Retail Grocer and Dealer in Provisions generally. Also, wholesale dealer in all kinds of Liquors, Wines, Cigars Tobacco, etc. Barrelled and bottled Cider, bottled English, Irish and Scotch Ales and Porters, etc., etc. In fact a general Variety Store too numerous to mention one twentieth part of my Stock. Orders solicited.

All orders from the city and country accompanied with the cash or undoubted reference, will have my special, and prompt attention.

Terms cash. PETER LYNCH.

sept6 d3m

GENUINE

COAL CREEK COAL.

J. M. BORN, JR., & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Genuine COAL CREEK COAL, Coke, etc. Yard and office, Marietta street, second door above Capitol Building. P. O. Box 192.

sep18-d3m

Greeley or Grant

IF EITHER IS ELECTED

EVERY PERSON IN THE STATE

will want to get into some business that they can

MAKE A HANDSOME THING OF,

WE have two articles of our own invention and patent that is needed in every household, and meets with ready sale—both paying large profits—for which we wish to sell territory. We have all the territory of the United States to sell or exchange for good real estate, except the States of Michigan, Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, Alabama and three counties in the State of Georgia.

One of our inventions and patents is a Peach Stoner and Halver. With this machine, one hand can do the work of six or eight hands, and at the same time increasing the value of the fruit 25 to 30 per cent: when dried, as it cuts the peach in strictly halves and thereby prevents worms from getting to the dried fruit.

Men, in selling the machines, can make very easily if a good salesman from FIVE TO FIFTY DOLLARS per day, clear of all expenses.

Having been a cotton planter, and being fond of farming, I would exchange the right to one or both articles for a specified amount of territory for a good plantation, with or without stock and provisions, in South Georgia or Middle Florida.

Call at my office on Marietta street, or address,

DR. J. S. WILLSON,
P. O. Box 543, Atlanta, Ga.

sep26-d1f

NOTICE.

Stockholders G. W. R. R. Co

BY a resolution of the Board of Directors, it was this day ordered that an installment of ten per cent. be collected from the stockholders of the G. W. R. R. Co., on the tenth day of October next, another installment of ten per cent. on the tenth day of November next, another installment of ten per cent. on the tenth day of December next, and another installment of ten per cent. on the tenth day of January next.

W. P. ORME, Secretary.

September 20th, 1872—sep27-d1m

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in Newnan, agreeably to an order of the Ordinary of Coweta county, Georgia, on the

FIRST TUESDAY IN NOVEMBER NEXT,

within the legal hours of sale, that

Valuable Farm

belonging to the estate of Gilbert D. Greer, late of said county, deceased. The place is situated about two miles north of Newnan, and contains seven hundred acres, with good orchards, a fine large and

Commodious Dwelling,

suitable outhouses, etc. Also, at the same time and place, three hundred acres of land on the west side of the Atlanta and Nor. Point Railroad, on which Mr. [illegible] now resides, belonging to the same estate.

Sold for distribution according to the last will and testament of Gilbert D. Greer, deceased.

Terms one-half cash—balance small notes at ninety days.

sep29-d1m E. B. ROSSER, Administrator.

Coal! Coal!

DR. J. S. WILLSON would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he is prepared to furnish them with the best quality of Coal in the market—either at Wholesale or Retail.

Office and Yard corner Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Atlanta.

Post Office Box 545. J. S. WILLSON,
sep29—d1m Agent.

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,

Gainesville, Georgia,

J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS House has been Refitted and Supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best in the market affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.

There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, at the depot, hacks, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, its patrons.

RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals	$ 50	Two Weeks	$15 00
Per Day	2 00		
Per Week	10 00	Per Month	35 00

may7—sep26-d1f

CUMMING AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming, at 12 M., and arrives at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 9 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel in Cumming, at 1 o'clock, to dinner.

Careful drivers. Terms modera[illegible]

sept1—d1f

TO RENT,

THREE OR FOUR NICE COTTAGES.

Apply to A. B GULBERSON,
oct8—d1f Attorney.

POSTPONED.

United States Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, John Van Ness, in the following case, to-wit:

John Van Ness versus Benjamin Hamilton.

I have levied upon, as the property of Benjamin Hamilton, 60 acres, more or less, lying in the fork of the Lawrenceville and Brown's Bridge roads, near the town of Gwinn

The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1872.

☞ Mr. J. J. Simons, of Macon, who stabbed Mr. Besore, has tried to commit suicide by taking laudanum.

The United States Senate.

Col. George N. Lester is a candidate for United States Senator. His friends are pushing his claims with vigor.

Indiana.

Hendrick's official majority is 1,143. Several Democrats will contest the election. Colfax is reported to be seeking to defeat Morton for the United States Senate.

Colonel L. J. Glenn's Appointments.

Fort Valley, Houston county, Friday, October 25th.

Knoxville, Crawford county, Saturday, October 26th.

Fayetteville, Fayette county, Tuesday, October 29th.

Alpharetta, Milton county, Saturday, November 2d.

☞ An Englishman named Mr. George Grant has bought for a farm a tract of land containing twenty-four square miles on the Kansas Pacific, two hundred and twenty-seven miles west of Kansas City. He intends to establish an industrial community.

The Ruling Passion Strong In Death.

Fanny Fern when dying, said, "let no stranger gaze upon me when I am dead." The request was complied with.

It might be a curious speculation as to what was her motive in making this request. Could it be an inspiration of vanity that thus animated her dying moment? Or was it some more creditable motive.

Public Speaking in the 9th District.

I will address the people of the 9th Congressional District as follows:

At Ellijay, Wednesday, October 23d.
At Morganton, Thursday, October 24th.
At Blairsville, Monday, October 28th.
At Clarkesville, Friday, November 1st.
At Clayton, Saturday, November 2d.
At Hiwassee, Monday, November 4th.

The people, including the ladies, are earnestly re uested to attend these meetings

All the papers in the 9th District are requested to publish the foregoing appointments. H. P. BELL.

The Atlanta Herald.

After considerable delay the Herald of yesterday replies to us. This reply is its only editorial, and it would seem that as it took a week to prepare it, it must have cost lots of brain work. It calls for no further notice from us, and we dismiss it with the single remark that we shall always in the discharge of a journalist's duty condemn and expose as in the present instance all improper and hurtful expressions of sentiment that are used to the injury of our Southern country.

Ohio.

The official returns of the Ohio election show a Republican majority of 14,655 in a vote of 520,037, the largest vote ever cast in the State. Compare this with the Radical majority of 41,428 in 1868, in a vote of 518,828, and the Radical majority in 1870 of 20,168 in a vote of 456,378, and it will be seen what an immense reduction of the Radical strength ha been made. On a vote of 63,659 larger than in 1870, the Radical majority is 6,113 less. A proportionate majority on the increased vote would have been 22,900, or 2,732 more than the 20,168 majority in 1870. Add this to the 6,113 gain from 20,168 Radical majority, and the real Democratic gain is 8,845.

Thirteen Radical and seven Democratic Congressmen were elected, a Democratic gain of three.

No discouragement for the Democrats here.

"Subject to Our Solemn Constitutional Obligations."

A long labored reply has been attempted to our article of a day or two back on the above subject. We see nothing new in the reply to call for answer. It is simply the amplification of the quibble, that we punctured, and its painful elaboration of argument shows that we made a centre shot.

☞ Mr. Greeley's willingness to subject himself to "constitutional obligations" is praiseworthy and ample ground for supporting him. Had he declared that subject to *unconstitutional* obligations to maintain the equal rights of citizens, etc., we could not have supported him. But since he holds himself subject to the constitution and its limitations in maintaining the equal rights of the citizens, then we have nothing to fear from his election.

What we want most, what the Democracy has been battling for, and what is last in the grasp of the people, through a support of Mr. Greeley by a united Democracy aided by Mr. Greeley's constitutional Liberal Republican friends is a willingness to subject the country to the constitution and the laws in pursuance thereof, a willingness to obey constitutions and laws whether we like them or not, until time and experience can enable us to alter them in a constitutional and legal way, to alter, reform or abolish whatever has been found injurious, and remove what the intelligent legal discrimination of the honest jurists shall deem unconstitutional.

The following questions are put to us, which we cheerfully answer.

1st. Will he assume to deny that Mr. Greeley's platform covers, and was intended to cover and justify the whole "Radical policy" of "Reconstruction," with its subversion of the State governments by Federal bayonets?

2d. Will he assume to deny that it covers and was intended to cover and justify the whole policy of the Enforcement and Ku-Klux Acts?

3d. Will he assume to deny that Mr. Greeley, to-day maintains the principles and policy upon which these usurpations rest?

4th. Will he assume to deny that it is the object of the Liberal Republican movement, so-called, to build up a new party in these States, organized upon Mr. Greeley's doctrines?

5th. Will he assume to reassert to the people of Georgia that if they elect Mr. Greeley, and sanction these principles, "the Democratic creed will once more be triumphant?"

6th. Will he assume to maintain that these moustrous outrages ever were or ever should be held to be in accordance with the principles of the Democracy of the United States?

1st. We deny that Greeley's platform justifies Radical Reconstruction with its subversion of State governments by Federal bayonets.

2d. We deny that it justifies the Enforcement and Ku-Klux Acts.

On the contrary the platform enunciates principles that antagonize the iniquities mentioned in both of these questions.

3d. We deny that Mr. Greeley maintains the principles on which these usurpations rest. Not only this, but he absolutely stands pledged to principles that forever antidote and forbid them.

4th. We care not what any Liberal Republican may have for his object in the Liberal movement, as to a new party. The success of the movement vitalizes Democratic principles, puts constitutionalism into power, and secures rule to the Democracy.

5th. We do assert that the success of Mr. Greeley as the Democratic candidate on the great principles of local self-government contained in the Baltimore platform will make the Democratic creed once more triumphant.

6th. Those monstrous outrages never were and never should be in accordance with Democratic principles.

DECISIONS
OF THE SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered in Atlanta, Tuesday, October 22, 1872.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

John L. Clements vs. William Painter. Complaint, from City Court of Augusta.

WARNER, C. J.

The plaintiff brought an action against the defendant in the City Court of Augusta for the sum of $235 96. By consent of the parties, the matters in dispute between them were referred to an arbitrator, who made his award that there was due the plaintiff only the sum of $68 14, besides interest. When the award was returned to the City Court for the purpose of being made the judgment of that Court, a motion was made to dismiss the plaintiff's case on the ground that the City Court did not have jurisdiction of it, the plaintiff's claim being less than $100, which motion was sustained, and the plaintiff excepted. It appears from the award of the arbitrator that when the plaintiff came before him, although he had sued the defendant for the sum of $235 96, he did claim to be due him but the sum of $81 96. If the case had been referred to a jury for trial in the City Court, instead of an arbitrator, to ascertain the amount due, and the plaintiff had admitted before the Court that his claim against the defendant was only for the sum of $81 96, there can be no doubt that the Court would have dismissed the case for want of jurisdiction. The admission of the plaintiff before the arbitrator to whom the case was referred by the Court by the consent of the parties as to the amount of his claim, when brought to the attention of the Court by the award of the arbitrator must necessarily produce the same result. The fact that the plaintiff sued the defendant for a larger amount than was actually due him, by his own admission, cannot have the effect to give to the City Court jurisdiction. If the plaintiff *bona fide* claimed the amount sued for, and upon the trial it had been reduced, the jurisdiction of the Court would not have been ousted on that amount; but that is not the case here. The plaintiff admitted the defendant did not owe him but $81 96, and the arbitrator found that he did not owe that much.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

James S. Hook for plaintiff in error.
H. Clay Foster for defendant.

Elvira F. Gardner, et. al., vs. George F. Lamback. Probate of Will, from Richmond.

McCAY, J.

When on the trial of a caveat to a will, one of the grounds of the caveat, was, the insanity of the testator, at the time of the making of the will, and another of the grounds was monomania and that the will was the result of the monomania.

HELD, 1st. That when the Judge was requested by the caveators to charge the jury that "the test of insanity was delusion—the belief in the existence of that which does not exist as for instance the belief of a man of large means that he has not the means to buy the common necessaries of life and medicines prescribed by his physician," and the Judge refused to charge in the language requested, but said, that such delusion was one of the evideences, but was not conclusive.

This was not error: it was not proper for the Court, to select out any particular instance of delusion and charge the jury that it was a test of insanity.

2. When the Judge was asked to charge the jury, that in order that a delusion should be such as to invalidate a will, it is not necessary it should be a delusion as to the persons to be affected by the will, it is sufficient if the delusion be such as to affect the subject matter to be disposed of by the will, and the Judge refused to charge in the language requested, but did charge, that if the testator was a monomania, it must appear that the will is not in any way the result of, or connected with that monomaniac and that the will does speak the wishes or the testator at the date thereof, unbiased by the disease with which he is afflicted.

HELD, That the language requested to write: "It is sufficient if the delusion be such as effected the subject matter to be disposed of" was such as was calculated to mislead the jury, and that the charge as given by the Judge, was a proper direction as to the law upon the point requested.

3. It was not improper for the Judge to refuse to charge as requested that certain specified acts of the testator would, if proven, be strong evidence of insanity. It was for the jury, and not the Judge, to determine as to the weight of any particular proof.

4. It was not error in the Court to charge the jury that a testator may by his will make any disposition of his property that he chooses, not contrary to law, and that it is not contrary to law, nor to the public policy of the State for a testator to give more of his property to one child than to others.

5. It was not error in the Court to charge the jury that the words "not of sound and disposing mind," are legal terms and import a total deprivation of reason, such charge having been requested in writing by the executor, and the record showing that one of the grounds of the cavest was insanity generally, and it further appearing that the Court instructed the jury properly as to the law of partial insanity, to-wit: that if the testator, was partially insane and the will was in any way the effect or result of that insanity it was void.

6. A new trial will not be granted on the ground of newly discovered testimony if said newly discovered testimony be cumulative only, and when there was a trial on an issue of insanity and of partial insanity and much evidence and many circumstances of the testator's acts, and conversations bearing on the question were introduced as evidence

HELD, That new facts and circumstances bearing on the same point are only cumulative testimony, and do not authorize a new trial.

7th. The verdict of the jury in this case, is not contrary to law, nor to any legal charge of the Court, nor is it, so contrary to the evidence, if it be so at all, as to justify this Court in overruling the judgment of the Court below in its order refusing a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

Frank H. Miller, Barnes & Cumming, for plaintiff in error. H. Clay Foster, J. C. C. Black, for defendants.

John M. Clarke & Co. vs. Francis L. Neufville. Breach of warranty, from Richmond.

McCAY, J.

When there is a sale of goods with a warranty of quality and a delivery and acceptance by the buyer, and the goods prove not to correspond with the warranty, and there is no fraud by the seller, the measure of damages is the difference between the price paid and the value of the goods as they actually were at the time and place of the sale and delivery, together with such consequential damages, if any there be, as come within the rule, excluding indirect and speculative damages.

2. There can be no recision by the buyer of a contract in a case of the sale and delivery of goods, unless the buyer return or offer to return the goods, and if by his own act, as by a sale of a portion of them he render such delivery impossible the buyer cannot of his own motion rescind.

Judgment reversed.

W. H. Hull, J. C. C. Black, for plaintiffs in error.

Barnes & Cumming, *contra.*

F. A. Jones vs. Groover, Stubbs & Co. Injunction, from Burke.

MONTGOMERY, J.

Where a mortgage and notes secured by it are placed in the hands of an attorney for foreclosure and suit, one of the conditions of which mortgage, is that the mortgagor shall pay all expenses of foreclosure, including attorney's fees, and the attorney takes the rule nisi calling on the defendant to shew cause why the mortgage should not be foreclosed foreclosed for the amount due, and ten per cent. thereon as attorney's fees, and the attorney also commences a common law suit and gives written notice to the defendant not to settle or compromise with plaintiff's, except through the attorney; notwithstanding which the defendant does compromise the case with the plaintiffs without the knowledge of the attorney, the latter is entitled to a rule absolute to the extent of his fees in the absence of any cause shewn to the contrary.

2. The absence of defendant's counsel, by leave of Court, on the day the rule absolute was taken, but who had left with plaintiff's counsel a written consent that the rule might be taken unless before a certain day named, which had passed, a satisfactory settlement was had, is no ground for enjoining the levy of the execution issued upon the rule, especially where such injunction is not asked until after the return term of the execution has passed, and there is no allegation of the insolvency of the plaintiffs or their attorney, or of any good defence, which could have been made to the rule.

Judgment affirmed.

Hook & Gardner, for plaintiff in error. Frank H. Miller, Thos. E. Loyd, for defendants.

Wm. H. Watkins vs. Susan Cason. Foreclosure, of mortgage, from Jefferson.

MONTGOMERY, J.

C. holds the notes of W., which are not yet due, secured by mortgage. Before they fall due, a judgment creditor of C.'s issues garnishment against W. and obtains judgment against the garnishee for the amount of C.'s debt to him (the creditor) which is less than the amount of the notes.

After judgment against the garnishee, but before the notes fall due, they are set apart to C. as personalty under the homestead laws. On the maturity of the notes the judgment creditor issues execution against the garnishee (which was levied on his property) who voluntarily pays the amount to the attorney of the judgment creditor. Before the maturity of notes, the garnishee had written notice that they had been set apart to the payer as personalty, under the homestead laws:

HELD, That C. was entitled to foreclose the mortgage for the full amount of the notes. If the money has not passed beyond the control of the Court, it should be ordered to be paid in satisfaction of the mortgage judgment in preference to the creditor's judgment against the garnishee. If it has, C. is entitled to have execution against the mortgaged property, the owner of which must look to those to whom he paid the money for remuneration.

Judgment affirmed.

Carswell & Deany, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

Cain & Pollhill, by brief, for defendant.

Martin New vs. Camille LeHardy. Possessory warrant, from Richmond.

MONTGOMERY, J.

1. The written notice required by section 3987 of the Code to be given by the plaintiff in certiorari, to the opposite party in interest need not appear of record, if there is a waiver in writing of the notice.

2. Under section 3956 of the Code a possessory warrant lies at the instance of the party injured in two classes of cases—first, where any personal chattel has been taken, enticed or carried away, either by fraud, violence, seduction or other means from the possession of the party complaining. Second, where such personal chattel, having recently been in the quiet, peaceable and legally acquired possession of the complaining party, has disappeared without his consent. In the first class of cases no lapse of time will bar the plaintiff's right to recover, if he makes out his case in other respects, where the defendant fails to show that such property has been in his quiet and peaceable possession for four years next immediately preceding the issuing of the warrant, or, perhaps, in the quiet and peaceable possession for that length of time, of those under whom he claims.

Judgment reversed.

Marcellus P. Foster, represented by H. Clay Foster, for plaintiff in error.

Claiborn Snead, represented by the Reporter, for defendant.

John Anderson vs. Moses P. Green. Equity, from Burke.

MONTGOMERY, J.

1. Where a verdict is plain and unmistakable in its terms and legal effect, it is error in the Court to permit counsel for the party against whom the verdict is rendered to interrogate the jury, on the reading of the verdict by the Clerk, as to what they intended by their verdict. The verdict in such a case not being ambiguous must speak for itself. Section 41, Ga., 464.

2. Where a legatee files a bill against the executor of the will under which the complainant claims to compel the payment of his legacy and the executor sets up the defence of *plene administravit praster*, which is controverted by the complainant and the jury found the following verdict: "We the jury find the sum of five thousand dollars with legal interest thereon from the 24th day of November, 1855, for the complainant, John Anderson, to be raised out of the estate of A. H. Anderson, deceased, in the hands of Moses P. Green, executor." The complainant is entitled to a judgment *de bonis testatoris et si non de bonis propriis.*

3. The decree of the Chancellor should conform to the verdict. Where a decree was rendered by the Chancellor not conforming to the verdict and pending a motion by defendant for a new trial, complainant excepted to the decree rendered and brought the case to this Court, where the bill of exceptions was dismissed, as prematurely sued out and at the hearing of the motion for a new trial, complainant again moved to reform the decree, so as to make it accord with the verdict which motion to reform the Chancellor again entertained and overruled, and also granted the new trial, to all of which complainant excepted, within the thirty days required by the statute, he is not estopped from assigning error upon the ruling of the Chancellor refusing to reform the decree.

Where the verdict of a jury is for a sum not more than the evidence shews the complainant is entitled to, a new trial will not be granted because they may have arrived at the result by an erroneous calculation—conceding that in this case the mode of calculation adopted by the jury was erroneous.

5. It is not error in the Court to refuse to strike from a panel of twenty-four jurors, a juror somewhat deaf, at the instance of defendant, who himself struck the juror in selecting a jury, and from which refusal no damage is shown to have resulted to the defendant.

6. That there was a substitute for the juror selected by the parties, who answered to the name of his principal is no ground for new trial, it not appearing that both substitute and principal were unknown to defendant and his counsel.

7. We find no error in the verdict.

8. That portion of an answer which is not responsive to the bill is not evidence for defendant.

9. Probate of a will in common form unattached for seven years, is conclusive, upon all parties in interest, except minor heirs at law.

10. A legatee is not barred from asserting his claim to a legacy against the executor, where suit is brought within ten years after the legatee arives at age. Code—sections 2871, 2875.

11. Where a will has been proved in common form for more than seven years, a legatee does not waive the estoppel thereby created by filing his bill against the executor for an account and discovery.

12. Where the verdict is in no view for more than the complainant is entitled to recover, an immaterial charge as to one item claimed in the bill is no ground for a new trial, when conceding such charge to be erroneous.

12. An executor who, by the will of his testator (probated in 1853, and by which a solvent estate of more than two hundred thousand dollars is committed to his hands,) is directed to move a slave to a free State, to be there manumitted, and to invest for such manumitted slave, on his arrival at age, which occurs in 1862, three thousand dollars, cannot, after refusing to execute the behest of his testator until the close of the war, free himself from liability, by showing that the estate has perished on its hands from the results of the war and other causes.

14. A provision in a will probated in 1853, directing a slave to be sent to a free State and there manumitted and provided for, was not in violation of the law of Georgia at that time.

15. The law presumes a testator, in making his will, to have had a legal intention in view until the contrary is shown.

16. If an executor buy land of his testator at his own sale, the purchase is voidable at the election of a legatee.

17. Where an executor relies on the defence of *plene administravit*, it is not error in the Court to charge the jury "if you find from the evidence there has been no full and complete administration of the assets of the estate, then this plea of defendants fails, and your verdict may also be against the assets in his hands to be administered, or in default of such assets, against his personal goods."

18. The executor in this case, having made himself personally liable, by his neglect for the payment of complainant's legacy, before any law existed authorizing him to invest in Confederate securities without an order of Court, the charge complained of in the 33d ground for new trial is immaterial.

19. An executor, who has willfully or negligently mismanaged the property in his charge to the injury of a legatee, cannot avail himself of the provisions of the Relief Act of October 13th, 1870, when sued by such legatee.

20th. That the non-residence of the persons who tried the case is not upon the jury list of the county, as made up in conformity to the Act of the General Assembly of February 15th, 1870, is an objection *proper defectum*, and comes too late after verdict, though the party objecting did not know the fact until after the trial. 40 Ga. 253

21st. Jurors cannot be heard to impeach their verdict.

Judgment reversed.

R. F. Lawson, Hook & Gardner, for plaintiff in error. J. J. Jones, A. M. Rodgers, for defendant.

BY TELEGRAPH
TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

FRAUDS IN PENNSYLVANIA AND MISSOURI.

Maryland Races.

Railroad Accident in New Hampshire.

Diptheria Among Horses.

Quick Time.

Associated Press Dispatches.]

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

WASHINGTON, October 22.—Mr. Pratt, for 20 years employed in the State Department, as Chief of the Diplomatic Bureau, has resigned.

The Merchants and Planters Bank of Union, South Carolina, has an authorized capital of $80,000.

The Attorney General has gone to Richmond electioneering.

The steamer Scotia is telegraphed off Hook at 7:15. She is in a great ocean race.

THE WEATHER PROPHETS.

Probabilities—Clear and cool weather with north and northwesterly winds for the North West extending over the upper lakes and to the Ohio Valley. For the Middle Mississippi Valley—northerly to east winds with threatning weather and occasional rain on the lower lakes. Clearing weather with light rain and northwesterly winds for the New England and Middle States. Cloudy weather and occasional rain for the south Atlantic and Gulf. Threatening indications with, probably north to easterly winds and rain on the south Atlantic and eastern Gulf coasts. South winds with cloudy weather and rain on the northern and western Gulf. The Southwestern reports are deficient. Warning signals are ordered for Mobile and New Orleans.

MARYLAND

THE RACES.

BALTIMORE, October 22.—Lochiel won the first hurdle race; time 35:8½. In the second race, nine horses started; Hubard won; time 33:6½. The third race was won by Thurman; time 14:7½ 14:8½. The third race was easily won by Monarchist. No time reported.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

ANOTHER RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

PORTSMOUTH, October 22.—An accident occurred at Seabrook, caused by misplaced switch. Three killed and fifteen wounded. No Southern names.

PENNSYLVANIA.

GRANTISMS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

YORK, October 22.—The vouchers and other papers have been stolen from the court house to conceal ring frauds.

NEW YORK

DIPTHERIA AMONG HORSES.

NEW YORK, October 22.—A diptheritic disease prevails among the horses here, but has not yet attacked large stables.

MISSOURI.

GRANTISM IN MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, October 22.—Investigation shows a hundred thousand dollar swindle in the new county jail.

ENGLAND.

QUICK TIME.

LONDON, October 22.—A dispatch from Melbourne, dated to-day, was published in the morning papers.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

PRINCESS NELLIE RETURNED.

NEW YORK, October 22.—The Scotia brings Nellie Grant, Secretary Borie and family, and Grant, with a number of friends, boarded the steamer in the offing from a tug.

Tax collections yesterday from real estate exceed $1,000,000. This was the largest day's receipts ever recorded.

Wise & Co., watch manufacturers, mulcted $2,400 for neglecting revenue regulations.

The widow of Commodore Cooper is dead; aged 70.

The Canadian horse disease has appeared in the Brooklyn Street Railroad stables.

NEW YORK MATTERS.

Havemyer accepts the mayoralty candidature.

It is expected that Tweed will surrender to-morrow and give bail.

At the Bienville investigation the captain testified that the missing boat was one of the best, well watered and provisioned and had twenty-four persons on board. He thinks the boat may have been picked up by some sailing vessel bound for the north of Europe.

NEW YORK.

HORSE DISEASE.

BUFFALO, October 22.—The horse disease has becomes a public calamity. Many branches of business has been stopped. Railroads are running half the usual force. Omnibuses have entirely suspended. The canal horses which were exempted till to-day are now affected. Commercial men are alarmed.

MASSACHUSETTS.

HORSE DISEASE.

BOSTON, October 22.—The horse disease is here, but no fatal cases yet.

ENGLAND.

PLAY FAIR RUNS.

LONDON October 22.—Play Fair won Cambridgeshire stakes, betting twenty-four to one against Play Fair. Twenty-seven horses ran.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 22.—Cotton easier, middling uplands 19½. Orleans 20½; sales 1,637 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to day 124, gross 1,743.

Cotton sales for future delivery to day 13,750 bales, as follows: October, 18 15-16a 19. November, 18¾a18 11-16. December, 18¾ a18 9 16. January, 18 13-16a18 15-16. February, 19¼a19½. March, 19¾. April, 20¼ May, 20¾.

Flour easier; common to fair extra $7 25a 9 75; good to choice $9 80a12. Whisky active at 93. Wheat 1c lower and active; winter red western 95a98. Corn brisk and a shade higher. Rice steady at 7¼a8¾. Pork lower at $15 40. Beef dull. Lard firm. Turpentine dull. Rosin quiet. Tallow steady. Freights lower.

Money tightened at 7. Currency 6 in gold with large business demand, but closed easier. Sterling nominally easier. Gold 13½. Governments steady. States dull.

LATER—81s 16½; 62s 15½; 64s 15½; 65s 16; new 14 5-8; 67s 14½; 68s 14½; new 5s 10½; 10-40s 84. Tennessee 6s 74, new 74. Virginia 6s 44; new 49. Louisiana 6s 53; new 48. Levee 6s 50; 8s 60. Alabama 8s 84; 5s 60. Georgia 6s 74; 7s 85. North Carolinas 23½; new 20, special tax 13. South Carolinas 48; new 28½. April and October 28.

MEMPHIS, October 22.—Cotton in fair demand; middlings 18¾a19; receipts 1,629 bales; shipments 1,814; stock 12,425.

NEW ORLEANS, October 22.—Cotton in moderate demand; good ordinary 16½ a16¾; low middlings 18; middlings 19½; net receipts 9,169; gross 9 569; exports coastwise 713; sales to-day 1,600—las. evening 2,5.0; stock 8,249.

Flour dull; treble $7 37½a8 50; family $9 a10. Corn advanced; white and mixed 68; white 70. Bran lower at $1 05. Others unchanged.

Sterling 22a22½; sight ½ discount. Gold 13½.

CINCINNATI, October 22.—Flour dull at $7 25a7 50. Corn dull and unchanged at 40a41. Pork nominally at $14 50. Bacon steady for shoulders; sales 6¼a6¾; dull and ¼ shade lower for clear ribs at 10¼; held at 11; jobbing sales of clear sides 11¾. Whisky in good demand at 88.

BALTIMORE, October 22.—Cotton firm; net receipts 91 bales; gross receipts 1,004 exports coastwise 261; sales 339; last evening 153; stock 1,740.

NORFOLK, October 22.—Cotton firm; net receipts 2,540 bales; stock 8,421.

GALVESTON, October 22.—Cotton steady; good ordinary 16¾a17; net receipts 1,753; exports coastwise 1,723; sales 500; stock 25,201.

CHARLESTON, October 22.—Cotton—net receipts 2,319; exports to Great Britain 1,761; sales 2,000; stock 2,759.

SAVANNAH, October 22.—Cotton—Receipts 5,193; sales 2,069; stock 50,953.

WILMINGTON, October 22.—Cotton steady; net receipts 210 bales; exports coastwise 128; sales 178; stock 3,506.

MOBILE, October 22.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 18; low middlings 18¾; middlings 19; net receipts 1,592; exports coastwise 1,142 bales; sales 600; stock 10,000 bales.

BOSTON, October 22.—Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 818; exports to Great Britain 42; sales 250; stock 2,500.

AUGUSTA, October 22.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 18; net recipts 1,860 bales, sales 1,372.

WILMINGTON, October 22.—Spirits Turpentine fluctuating, 37a38. Rosin firm $2 80 for strained; crude turpentine steady, $3 25 for hard, $5 00 for yellow dip and virgin. Tar steady, $3 30.

LONDON, October 22.—Turpentine 41. Tallow 46s. 3d.

LIVERPOOL, October 22.—Common rosin 11s. 6d. Cotton closed unchanged. Yarns and fabrics dull. Middling Orleans shipping or shipped at 9½ to shipper.

LOUISVILLE, October 22.—Flour in fair demand and firm; extra family $6 50a7 00. Corn quiet at 45a47. Provisions in good demand and very firm, stock scarce. Bacon—shoulders 7¾a7¾; clear rib sides 11¼a11¾; clear sides 11¼a11¾; packed stock limited. Lard 8¼a9; kegs 10 7-8a11. Whisky quiet.

ST. LOUIS, October 22.—Flour quiet and weak. Corn dull and unchanged. Whisky dull. Pork lower at $15 00a15 25. Bacon in only limited jobbing demand; shoulders 7¼; clear rib sides 11¾; clear sides 11¾a12. Lard dull.

HYMENEAL.

WADE—MUNYAN—At the residence of the bride's father, Galveston, Texas, October 16th, by Rev J B. Walker, Mr. P. Henry Wade, of Atlanta, and Miss Carrie S. Munyan, of Galveston

Announcements.

FOR ALDERMAN 1ST WARD.

Please announce W. H. Brotherton as a candidate for Alderman in the 1st Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct11-didn

MANY FRIENDS.

We are authorized to announce that Aaron Haas is a candidate for Alderman from the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct19-dtn

W. A. Haynes is announced as a candidate for Alderman in the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct18-didn

At the solicitations of my friends, I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman in the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct 6-tdn* E. T. HUNNICUTT.

By request of many friends I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman in the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct5—dtn JOHN F. MORRIS.

FOR ALDERMEN 3D WARD.

We are authorized to announce the names of N. A. McLendon and G. T. Dodd as candidats for Aldermen in the Second Ward, subject to the Democrtic nomination. oct30-dtdn

FOR ALDERMAN 3D WARD.

Please announce the name of T. A. Morris as a candidate for re-election in Third Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination. oct23-dtdn

D. A. Beatie is announced as a candidate for Alderman in the Third Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination. oct19-dtn

The many friends of R. C. Young announce him as a candidate for Alderman in the Third Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct17—dtn

FOR ALDERMEN 4TH WARD.

At the solicitation of many friends I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman in the Fourth Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct16-dtd W. C. LAWSHE.

We are authorized to announce J. W. Sparks as a candidate for Alderman of the Fourth Ward, at the ensuing municipal election, subject to the Democratic nomination oct15-dtn

Please announce Mr. Richard Pittman as a candidate for Councilman in the Fourth Ward, subject to a Democratic nomination. MANY VOTERS.

oct15—dtn

The names of Col. T. W. J. Hill and Major J. H Mecaslin are announced as suitable persons to represent the 4th Ward as Aldermen next year, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct12-didn MANY TAX PAYERS.

FOR ALDERMAN 5TH WARD.

I announce myself a candidate for Alderman from the Fifth Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination. JOHN H. GOLDSMITH.

oct19 din

We take this method to announce Dr. S. T. Biggers as a suitable candidate for Alderman of the Fifth Ward for the ensuing year, subject to the Democratic nomination. MANY VOTERS.

oct15-dtn

Please announce the name of Frank P. Rice as a candidate for Alderman for the Fifth Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct8-tdn MANY VOTERS.

FOR ALDERMAN 6TH WARD.

Please announce Mr. Daniel McDuffie as a candidate for Councilman in the Sixth Ward, subject to a Democratic nomination. MANY VOTERS.

oct18—dtn

Editors Constitution: Please announce to the citizens of the 6th ward that Dr. John M. Boring has consented to allow the use of his name in the Democratic nominating Convention as a candidate for the office of Alderman of the 6th ward.

oct 6-didn CITIZENS 6TH WARD.

FOR COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Colonel Wm. J. Magill will be a candidate for election to the office of Comptroller General, subject to Democratic nomination. sep26-dtn

Thompson Allen, Esq., is a candidate for Comptroller General, subject to the control of the Democratic party. Election by General Assembly in January, 1873. sep7-dtd

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

We are authorized to announce Mr. John A. Crawford, of Athens, Ga., as a candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct8-td

New Advertisements.

On the 24th Instant.

MECHANICS who want a home, listen!

16 Beautiful Lots in the town of Tight Squeeze, on the 24th inst.

Terms—One third cash; balance 6, 12 and 18 months with 10 per cent. interest.

WALLACE & FOWLER,
oct23-d1t Real Estate Agents, Alabama street.

Extra Notice.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY NIGHTS, at the Skating Rink, on Forsyth street, a

Vocal & Instrumental Concert

will be given in connection with the

Episcopal Bazaar.

Admission only 25 cents. Let there be a large crowd both nights.

The Concert will be under the direction of PROF. STELLE, which is a guaranty of satisfaction to all who may attend. oct22-d3t

AUCTION SALE THURSDAY MORNING, 10 O'CLOCK,

By the Live Auction House of T. C. Mayson.

J. H. BARRETT, Auctioneer.

BOOTS and SHOES in the original package and case. Household effects in endless variety, such as

Bedsteads, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, Cook Stoves, Heating Stoves, Wash-stands, Glassware, Crockery-ware.

One Complete Set of China-ware—Something really Rich,

and 1000 parcels of articles too numerous to mention.

oct22-d3t

FOR SALE,

ONE CAR LOAD TWO-HORSE WAGONS for sale by ANDERSON & WELLS.

NOTICE TO GARDENERS.

White and red Onion Sets, just received and for sale by ANDERSON & WELLS.

oct22-d1w

MRS. J. E. LOOMIS, M. D.,

GRADUATE of Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Atlanta that she has permanently located in the city, and will give her special attention to the treatment of diseases of women and children. Office—Third door west of Pavilion. oct16-d4w

Notice to Passengers.

Western & Atlantic Railroad COMPANY.

ON and after October 22d, 1872, Fare Paid on Trains is

One-half Cent per Mile

more than when Tickets are bought of the Agents

R. B. WALKER,
Master Transportation.

R. W. WRENN,
General Ticket and Passenger Agent.

oct22—oct15-d1m

MARBLE

S. B. OATMAN,

The Oldest Marble Dealer in Atlanta,

IN THE FIELD AGAIN!

AND would inform his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to take orders and contracts for all descriptions of

Marble Work,

Such as Monuments, Tombs, Tablets, Urns, Vases, and all descriptions of SLAB MARBLE finished to order and shipped to any point in Georgia, twenty-five per cent. less than the same can be made here in Atlanta.

Office, BLUE FRONT SHOE STORE, Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia oct13—d1f

Gilt Edge Property FOR SALE.

THE House and Lot on corner of Hunter and Forsyth streets, known as the Waddell property, is for sale.

The lot is 90 feet square and the house is a two-story BRICK, containing ten rooms, suitable, from its location and build, for a

FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,

or desirable Residence. For terms, apply to

THOMAS DAILY,
of Chattanooga, Tennessee,
or JAMES R. WYLIE,
oct18-d1m Atlanta.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

4-Room Cottage on Whitehall Street.

I WILL sell upon the premises, on Wednesday 30th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M., a lot on the east side of Whitehall street, adjoining Major Brotherton's mansion, upon which is a

4-ROOM COTTAGE AND 2-ROOM KITCHEN.

It will be sold without reserve, and possession given at once. This is central residence property, on a main street, convenient to gas and has good sidewalks, and within two minutes' walk of four counting rooms.

Terms One half cash; balance in 60 days, with 10 per cent. interest.

G. W. ADAIR,
oct22-d3t Real Estate Agent

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

2 Etowah River Farms.

I WILL sell at the City Hall, in Atlanta, on Tuesday, (sale day) 5 h November next at 11 o'clock, A. M., two magnificent Etowah River Farms.

No. 1 contains 2 3 acres, eighty of which is cleared and under high state of cultivation, about one-half of this the finest quality of

Etowah River Bottom Land.

The remainder is heavily timbered with pine, oak and hickory, and all within a mile of Rome Railroad. These lands are very productive in cotton, corn wheat and clover. Of the latter, some very fine crops have been gathered. The bottom land is alluvial and easily cultivated. The uplands best quality of red and chocolate clay lands. The Rome Railroad running through these lands affords fine shipping facilities for all farm products, and contracts for wood and cross-ties at remunerative prices. Lands not subject to overflow, and health of place very fine. A good frame house of three rooms, and some log houses, constitute the improvements.

Farm No. 2, adjoining farm No 1, and similar in point of productiveness, health etc., contains 135 acres, of which 70 acres are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, and one-half of this best Etowah River Bottom Land, balance in wood and well timbered. Each of these farms fronts on the Rome Railroad and Etowah River. No improvements on farm No. 2.

Terms—Half cash; balance 12 months, with ten per cent. interest. Titles unquestionable. Possession given any time after the crop is gathered. Corn, fodder and cotton seed can be bought on the place at market rates G. W. ADAIR,
oct26-d3t&wt2t Real Estate Agent.

Found,

ON the Fair Ground yesterday, a lady's Handkerchief with a name on it, and ring and chain attached, which the owner can have by calling at room 48 Capitol Building, and paying for this advertise.

October 19, 1872—oct20-d3t

TO RENT.

A FIRST CLASS STORE HOUSE on Alabama street. Apply to A. LEYDEN,

oct16-d1w or M. J. CLARKE.

AT AUCTION.

ON the premises, at 3½ o'clock, Tuesday afternoon October 29th, 1872, those 4 newly-finished

Cottages, 7 Rooms Each,

besides storeroom, pantry, china closet and 5 clothes presses, situated on West Cain and Williams street, about 150 yards west of the Governor's mansion.

Each room neatly plastered and finished with modern style improvements.

Terms—Only ONE FOURTH CASH; remainder in ONE and TWO years, with interest at 7 per cent. per

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1872.

City Intelligence.

THE Carpet Store of Chamberlin, Boynton & Co. is now supplied with the most elegant line of carpets, curtains, oil cloths, rugs and house furnishing goods ever before offered in Atlanta. Cal. and see them. oct16-3w.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & Co. have now in store the most superb stock of silks, fine dress goods, laces, Embroideries, cloaks, shawls, and general assorted dry goods ever before offered by them, and invite inspection from all. oct16-3w.

COTTON.—The prices yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, was easy at 17¾@17¾. Receipts 190 bales

REAL ESTATE.—The sale of city lots yesterday afternoon, by Judge C. C. Hammock, were satisfactory.

THE FAIRBURN AFFRAY.—We learn from conductor Ed. Chapman that all the wounded in the Fairburn fracas are doing very well, and are expected to recover.

COL. A. R. LAMAR.—It is rumored that the friends of this distinguished gentlemen intend to press his claims for the position of Secretary of State.

LECTURE.—Mrs. Annie C. Torrey, trance speaker, will lecture at Good Templars Hall, corner Marietta and Broad streets, this Wednesday evening at half past seven o'clock. Seats free.

SUPERIOR COURT.—The case of A. C. Van Epps vs. the city of Atlanta, went to the jury last night and court adjourned until this morning. This suit was brought in 1867, and the city refused to make any compromise of it, contrary to the advice of prominent citizens. Captain W. T. Newman and J. T. Glenn made very fine speeches in behalf of the city. They represented the city with energy and marked ability.

THE EPISCOPAL BAZAAR.

Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert To-night.

The ladies connected with the Episcopal Bazaar give a grand Vocal and Instrumental concert at the Skating Rink to-night. We can guarantee to all who attend a delightful entertainment. Let there be a full attendence. Be sure to be there.

GILT-EDGE PROPERTY.—Wallace & Fowler will sell this afternoon at 4 o'clock, the residence of Dr J. A. Taylor, situated near the corner of Hunter and Loyd streets, in the very heart of the city. Churches, schools, City Hall, Passenger Depot, and all classes of business can be reached within a few minutes from this place. It has a front of 100 feet on Hunter street, with vacant ground on the west side sufficient for another residence. This is strictly first-class property, and is deserving the attention of our capitalists and real estate dealers generally.

SINGER SEWING MACHINE.—Very much pleased on Saturday was the agent of the above celebrated machine at hearing the result of the contest with earnest competitors at the Fair upon receiving the first premium as a family machine, and first premium for manufacturing machine. The wagons and horses of the Company were draped in blue, and with flying colors a procession was formed and traversed the principal streets leading to their office.

Colonel William Dougherty.

We alluded briefly yesterday to the death of this eminent Georgian, a brother of the distinguished Judge Charles Dougherty. We give some additional facts of his life:

Few men have filled a larger space in the history of his native State than the subject of this notice.

Born in Clarke county in the early part of the present century, he was educated in his native county, graduated with distinction at the University of the State, studied law, was admitted to the bar, and removed to LaGrange, Troup count, in the early settlement of the Coweta purchase.

By talent and application he soon rose to the front rank in his profession, and this position he steadily held until forced to relinquish the same by disease a few months prior to his death.

He was pre-eminently a lawyer, and the peer of Georgia's most gifted advocates. Steadily avoiding politics and place, his profession and success therein formed his earthly ambition. How well he succeeded may not be recorded here.

He was elected to the House of Representatives, for a single term, from Troup county, and aside from this, never held office.

Few men did more work, physically or mentally than Mr Dougherty, and, probably to this as much as any other cause may be ascribed his death.

In all the relations of life he was a thorough gentleman. In the Court room no man better understood the amenities of the profession, and hundreds of younger men recar with gratitude to his kind counsel and commendation. In the domestic circle he was all that could be expected of a loving husband and kind father

But he is gone, and his place is vacant in the Court room, in the office, around the domestic fireside, and most of all, in his native State, to which no son was more truly devoted.

MEETING OF THE ATLANTA BAR IN RELATION TO THE DEATH OF COLONEL WILLIAM DOUGHERTY.

—At a meeting of the Atlanta Bar held this day at the City Hall, in consequence of the announcement of the death of Colonel William Dougherty, a distinguished member of said Bar

Judge John Collier was, on motion of Major George Hillyer, called to the chair and L. J. Winn requested to act as secretary of the meeting

Colonel N. J. Hammond offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint a committee of five to prepare and report, to the present term of Fulton Superior Court a suitable tribute to the memory of our deceased brother, Colonel William Dougherty.

The following gentlemen were appointed as such committee:

Hon. B. H. Hill, Hon. C. Peoples, Colonel L. N. Beckley, Judge J. Hillyer, Judge William Ezzard.

On motion of John A. Stephens, Esq.,

Resolved, That a committee if three be appointed by the Chair to make arrangements for the Bar to attend the funeral of Colonel William Dougherty.

The chair appointed the following committee: Gen. L. J. Garrell, Judge D. F. Hammond, Col. A. B. Culberson.

By Mr. Geo. Hillyer—

Resolved, That the chairman of this meeting do formerly announce, in open Court, the death of Col. Wm. Dougherty, (upon the arrival of the remains,) and move the adjournment thereof, in respect to the memory of the deceased.

On motion, the Secretary was requested to furnish a copy of the proceedings of this meeting to the city papers for publication.

The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the chairman. JOHN COLLIER, Chairman.

L. J. WINN, Secretary.

THE SUBJECT OF SEWERAGE—A MOST VITAL MATTER DISCUSSED—*Editors Constitution*—I see by our city papers that nominations are about being made for our coming City Council, and I take advantage of this, being a very appropriate time, to draw the attention of our citizens generally to one very important fact, which is a part of the duties of the City Council, which not only involves the health of their families and of the whole city, but which will, if not attended to immediately, very materially injure the growth of the city itself.

I have reference to a complete system of sewerage.

If any of our good citizens will take the the trouble to stand, late at night or early in the morning, on any street corner that has an opening connecting with the existing sewers and smell the gases arising from them, he will be at once convinced what a fearful risk the dwellers about such places are running in regard to health.

It is not generally known, but perfectly understood by the medical profession, that the inhalation of these gases, as well as the drinking of polluted water, from or with excrementul matter, is one fruitful cause of many diseases, and especially typhoid fever.

If you will ask any of our City Physicians they will tell you that, that particular disease is fearfully on the increase in our midst, the cause of which lies in our imperfect system of re sewage.

By referring to the report of the Board of Health, of the city of New York, for several years past, you will find the above the conclusion they arrive at after much study and careful investigation, by some of the most intelligent and scientific men.

I hear much talk about water works, (which of course) are a great necessity in our city,) but what would become of the health of Atlanta if water works are introduced, without first having established a complete system of sewerage; as to how this is to be commenced, I leave for after consideration, and will now only offer some general ideas.

First. The city must establish a grade in all streets where the sewers are to be laid, and lay them as much as possible in accordance with that grade, so as to make it permanent work, not to be disturbed in future by grading.

Secondly. All sewers should be water tight.

Thirdly. They should be laid on a level or under the grade of ordinary cellars, and all openings connecting with them to receive surface drainage, should be water sealed, or trapped, thereby preventing the escape of gases which would contaminate the atmosphere. In view of the foregoing would it not be well for our citizens to choose men who will pledge themselves to commence and push forward as much as possible a work that involves so much, and in a manner underlies the very life of our city.

HEALTH.

GEORGIA STATE FAIR.

Full List of Awards.

FOURTH EXHIBITION—GOODS ON EXHIBITION.

No 343, Best Rose Drain—$10.

One entry—J N Montgomery, Fort Lamar.

No 350, Best Turning Plow for land with sod or weeds—one horse—Diploma.

One entry—Anderson & Wells.

No 351, Best two horse turning plow—Diploma.

Three entries—1st, Anderson & Wells; 2d to Mark W Johnson.

No 352, Best Harrow—Diploma.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No. 359, Best Clod Crusher—Diploma.

One entry, Mark W. Johnson

No 365, Best implement to separate and reduce stubble land, clods and grass clumps—Reptine Medal, $5

Two nirnes, Mark W Johnson.

No. 362, Best Subsoil Plow for simple deep plowing—Bronze Medal $5

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No. 370, Best Grain Seed Sower, broad cast, for hand use—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No. 370, Best Seed Sower for clover, for hand use—Bronze Medal $5

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No 374, Best Garden Seed Drill, by hand—Bronze medal, $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 376, Best Corn Planter—Diploma.

Two entries—Mark W Johnson.

No 377, Best Cotton Planter—Diploma.

Three entries—W W Croom, Opelika, Ala.

No. 380, Best Transplanter—Bronze Medal, $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 382, Best Guano Distributor, horse power—Bronze Medal $5.

Two entries—W W Croom, Opelika, Ala.

No 384, Best Guano Distributor, hand—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Gower, Cox & Markley, Greenville, S C

No 389, Best Wide Sweep—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 393, Best Plow, with means to shift for different plow shares—Diploma and $10.

One entry—J Ben Wilson.

No 310, Best Hoe, solid form—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Harry Camp, Newton county.

No 319, Best collection of Hoes—Bronze Medal, $10

Two entries—J Ben Wilson.

No 320, Best collection of Spades, Shovels, Hay Forks—Bronze Medal, $10.

Two entries—J Ben Wilson

No 329, Best Guano Sack—Bronze Medal, $5.

One entry—R J Redding, Ellisville, Ga.

No 334, Best Two Horse Reaper with Rake—Diploma

One entry—Anderson & Wells.

No 347, Best Two-horse Mower with Rake—Diploma.

One entry—Anderson & Wells.

No 340, Best Horse Rake, driver walking—Diploma.

One entry—Anderson & Wells

No 345, Best Hand Corn Mill—Bronze medal, $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 357, Best Hand Hominy Mill—Bronze medal.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 358, Best Corn and Cob Crusher—Bronze medal, $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 361, Best Hay and Straw Cutter—Diploma.

One entry—Anderson & Wells.

No 370, Best cotton seed huller—Diploma.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 374, Best cotton seed crusher—Diploma.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 376, Best cotton press—Diploma.

Two entries—L D Palmer, Dalton.

No 385, Best Fruit Peeler—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 386, Best Apple Corer—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Mark W. Johnson.

No 388, Best Peach Stoner—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Dr. J. S. Wilson, Atlanta, Ga.

No 3 9, Best Apple Slicer—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Dr. J. S. Wilson, Atlanta, Ga.

No 390, Best Combined Peeler, Corer and Slicer—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—Mark W. Johnson.

No 391, Best Churn—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry—D. A. Millsaps, Harmony Grove, Ga

No 411, Best Earth Scraper—Bronze Medal $5.

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No. 412, Best Plow Stock—$5.

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No. 413, Best Single Tree—$5.

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No. 414, Best Double Tree—$3

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No. 319, Best Basket—$3

One entry, A S Way, Cobb county.

No 426, Best Portable Fence—Bronze Medal, $5.

Two Entries—E D L Mobley.

No 247, Best Pump—Bronze Medal, $5.

One Entry—J F Temple & Co, Chicago.

No 430, Best Buck Rand—$3.

One Entry—J Ben Wilson.

UNENUMERATED.

Three Entries in this department.

FIFTH DEPARTMENT—PRODUCTS OF THE SOIL, FIELD, GARDEN AND ORCHARD.

No 431, Best 10 acres of corn, minimum 50 bushels per acre—$50.

One Entry—H C Rogers, Milton county.

No 434, Best oats, one acre—$20.

One entry—E T Davis, Thomasville.

No 439, Best native grass hay, acre, minimum 1½ tons—$50.

Three entries—H D Leitner, Barnesville.

No 441, Best pea vine hay.

Three entries—Not decided.

No 448, Best field peas, one acre—$10.

Two entries—S W Leak, Griffin.

No 450, Best Five Acres Cotton, minimum 2,000 pounds per acre—$50.

One entry—W. C. Bacon, Thomasville.

No 457, Best Crop of Cotton, one acre, by boy under 16—$25.

Two entries—Fillmore Leak, Griffin.

No. 459, Best Broad Corn, one bushel—$10.

Eight entries—Daniel Johnson, DeKalb county.

No 463, Best Stock Corn, one bushel—$10.

Three entries—J. C Huff, Atlanta.

No 461, Best Ten Ears Bread Corn—$5.

Three entries—S. W. Leak, Griffin.

No. 661, Best ten ears Stock corn—$5.

One entry, S W Leak, Griffin.

No. 468, Best Stalk of corn, with ears and roots—$5.

Two entries, Atkinson & Redding.

No. 464, Best Wheat, one bushel—$5.

Two entries, Atkinson & Redding, Atlanta.

No. 466, Best Rye, one bushel—$3.

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No. 467, Best Barley, one bushel—$3.

One entry, Mark W Johnson.

No 468, Best field peas, one bushel—$3.

Two entries—M. W. Johnson.

No 471, Best sweet potatoes, one bushel—$5

One entry—Atkinson & Redding.

No 473, Best Irish potatoes, one bushel—$3.

Two entries—T L Wells for J H Winston.

No 474, Best onions set, one peck—$3.

Two entries—G E Sut, Cobb county.

No 478, Best barrel sorghum syrup—$10.

One entry—G R Brown, Murray county.

No 479, Best earliest variety sweet potatoes—$5.

One entry—Atkinson & Redding.

No 480, Best display of farm products, stock, etc., from single farm—$25.

One entry—R Peters.

No 489, Best clover seed, one bushel—$5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 490, Best Nacurne, one bushel—$5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 491, Best Blue grass, one bushel—$5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 492, Best Herds' grass, 1 bushel—$3.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 493, Best Timothy, 1 bushel—$3.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 494 Best Meadow Grass, one bushel, $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 495 Best orchard Grass, one bushel, $5.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 498 Best collection garden seeds $10.

One entry—Mark W Johnson.

No 497 Best bale upland cotton, $100.

Nine entries—J H Traylor, Hogansville.

No 498 Best bale upland cotton, long staple, $20.

One entry—J W Elliott, Macon.

No 500, Best Box Chewing Tobacco, Georgia raised—$20.

One entry—Simonton, Jones & Hatcher.

No 501, Best Box Smoking Tobacco, Georgia raised—$20

One entry—Simonton, Jones & Hatcher.

No 510, Best Peck Turnips—$3.

One entry—Atkinson & Redding

No 513, Best Tomatoes, 1 dozen—$3.

One entry—J N Mabbitt.

No 515, Best Celery, 1 dozen—$3.

One entry—J N Mabbitt

No 516, Best Sugar Beet, 1 dozen—$3.

One entry—T W Connolly.

EAST POINT.

No. 522, Best Roasting-ears, one dozen—$3.

One entry, J N Mabbitt.

No 528, Best Okra Pods—$3.

Two entries, W Hudgin, Atlanta.

No. 525, Best Pie Melon—$3.

One entry, J C Huff, Atlanta.

No 529, Best Winter Apples—$5.

Three entries, A B Smith, Marietta.

No. 534, Best collection of Seedlings, to cover one acre—cup $10.

Two entries, C T Shelman, Bartow county.

No. 536 Best Winter Pears—$3.

Two entries. C T Shelman.

No. 537, Best collection of Seedlings—cup $10.

One entry, C T Shelman.

No. 540, Best Fall Peaches—$3.

Two entries, C T Shelman.

No. 541, Best collection of Fall Peaches—cup $10.

One entry, J B Keys, DeKalb county.

No. 546, Best collection of Quinces—$3.

One entry, C T Shelman.

No 547, Best collection of grapes—Cup $10.

One entry—J Van Buren, Habersham county.

No 548, Best collection Southern seedling apples—Diploma.

One entry—T J Mercer.

No 550. Best ditto Peach 5—Diploma.

One entry—T J Mercer.

No 551, Best collection Southern fruit trees—Diploma and Pitcher—$25.

One entry, Hardon & Cole.

No 570, Best Bouget, $5

One entry, Miss Mamie Glover.

UNENUMERATED.

Thirteen entries under this department.

SIXTH DEPARTMENT—HOME INDUSTRY.

No 572, Best butter, cup $10.

Four entries—Mollie Scott, Atlanta.

No 573, Best cheese, cup $10.

One entry—Harry Scott, Atlanta.

No 587, Best lard soap, $5.

One entry—Mrs B H Broomhead, Atlanta.

No 591, Best collection of jellies, $5.

One entry—Mrs J M Johnson, Atlanta.

No 592, Free reed fruits, $5.

One entry—Mrs J M Johnson, Atlanta.

No 593, Best catsups, $5.

One entry—J T Owens, Cartersville.

No 1023, Best collection Domestic Wines—Pitcher $10.

Three entries—J Van Buren, Habersham county.

No 572, Best dried quinces—$3.

One entry—J C Ragsdale, DeKalb county.

No 603, Best dried figs—$3.

One entry—J C Ragsdale, DeKalb county.

No 606, Best raspberries—$3.

One entry—Mrs J N Mabbitt, Atlanta.

No 608, Best specimens canned fruit—$5

One entry—Miss E J Hale, Cobb county.

No 609, Greatest variety of canned fruit—cup $10.

One entry—Miss E J Hale.

No 610. Greatest quantity canned fruits on one farm—cup $10.

One entry—J J Camp, Jonesboro.

No 614, Best collection dried vegetables—$5.

One entry—Mrs J N Mabbitt, Atlanta.

No 621, Best light bread—$3.

Two entries—Mrs J C Courtney, Atlanta.

No 622, Best rolls—$3.

Two entries—Miss Flora Wilson, DeKalb county.

No 623, Best biscuit—$3

One entry—Mrs J M Johnson.

No 626, Best sponge cake—$3

One entry—Mrs B H Broomhead, Atlanta.

No 627, Best pound cake—$3.

Two entries—Mrs J M Johnson.

SUDDEN DEATH OF AN OLD NEGRO WOMAN.

Her Son Suspected of Poisoning Her

Mariah Swift, an old negro woman, at Stone Mountain, fell dead on Monday evening, very suddenly, without previous premonition of such an event. In falling her head went into a tub of water, and was completely immersed.

She was taken out by parties who ran to her assistance. They requested her son Reuben Swift, to go for a doctor. He replied "that it was no use, that

"SHE WAS TOO DEAD".

for a Doctor to do her any good. Dr. J. L. Hamilton was sent for, but could not detect the cause of her death without post mortem examination. This he did yesterday, but what his conclusions were, we are not advised. Her son Reuben is suspected of

POISONING HIS OWN MOTHER,

as they had quarrelled and fought on Sunday. He, we believe, is under arrest. A coroners inquest was held yesterday.

CITY COURT.—This Court commenced yesterday, Judge Cowart presiding. Howard Van Epps, Solicitor General, pro tem., officiating. The following is a list of the jurors:

Daniel Murphy, Henry Aiken, J M P Anderson, O H Morrow S S Turner, W W Isham, C Shehan, B L Lanier, J H Brooks, D B Englett, T L Glower, N A Bramlett.

The following cases were disposed of:

The State vs. Daniel Tiller. Larceny from the house. Guilty. Fined $25 and costs, or in default, six months on the public works.

The State vs. Gus Norris. Misdemeanor. Guilty. Fined $25 and costs, or in default, six months on the public works.

The State vs. Wm. Fields, larceny from the house, fined $50 and costs, or, in default, six months on the public works.

The State vs. Annie Lofton, simple larceny, not guilty.

The State vs. Andrew Brown. Larceny from the House. Guilty. Fined $50 and costs, or, in default, ten months on the public works.

The State vs. James L. Smith. Assault and battery. Guilty. Fined $50 and costs or six month on the public works

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Regular Order of Business—Cases yet to be Decided.

(REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.)

14 Augusta	20	19 Eastern	1
17 Middle	1	20 Brunswick	3
18 Ocmulgee	3		

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—*Atlanta, October 31, 1872.*—No 3, Ocmulgee Circuit, William Gardner, et al., vs William Alford, next friend. Ejectment, from Morgan. Argument continued. *Reese & Reese, Foster & Foster, for plaintiffs in error.* J. Wingfield, Nesbitts & Jackson, L. E. Bleckley, Billups & Brobston, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of L. E. Bleckley, Esq., the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to morrow.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

The State Fair—A Piece of Humbuggery.

Editors Constitution: Through the columns of your valuable journal, I desire to call the attention of the officials of the State Fair, and of the public to the following statement of facts, which, in my judgment evinces no little humbuggery, and are derogatory to the character of the management for fairness and competency:

In common with other exhibitors, I entered specimens of my work put in this city, paid my entrance fees, and complied in all respects with the rules and regulations of the Association. I did so with the expectation of having my work *judged*, and its merits or demerits indicated by an award of *First, second or* third premium, as might be decided by a fair and competent committee appointed by officials presumed to be intelligent and honorable. I paid as much as any exhibitor in a high department, sent several vehicles to the ground, and contributed my share toward making the fair a success.

Now for the results: On Thursday the Committee appointed to examine buggies, cart ages, etc., came around and examined the work on exhibition in that department, and in the evening one of its members—Mr. Wight, of this city—informed me that the Committee, wishing to avoid giving offense to either competitor, had determined to award *First Premiums to two*, at the same time acknowledging that the Committee, (which was also examining stoves, cabbages, chunfas, goobers, etc.,) did not feel competent to judge and decide on the merits of the work exhibited.

In accordance with this very wise(?) decision, the magic blue ribbons were attached to the vehicles exhibited by myself and my city competitors, but on no other

On Saturday forenoon I obtained a permit and removed my work from the Fair grounds.

On the afternoon of that day two persons wearing badges, (accompanied by a lady) called at my warerooms to look at my stock, under pretense of wishing to buy, and, examining it, found the top buggy I had had on exhibition, asked me if it was the same, walked around and examined it critically, and inquired the price; one of the badged individuals asking the lady how she liked it.

On leaving, the two individuals wearing badges informed me they were a special committee appointed that day, (Saturday afternoon, the last day of the Fair,) and after the competing articles were separated by removal) to examine and make an award of a special premium for the best top buggy. I at once announced to these two badged individuals that I should submit to no such unfair management—that I utterly repudiated the transaction, and should accept no award, whatever it might be, from any such committee. *And, Messrs. Editors, I will not.*

When the premiums were announced on Saturday afternoon, myself and my work were in my warerooms. My former partner—Mr. Smith, was at the Fair Grounds, and contrary to my expressed determination received a Gold Medal and a Diploma. These I now have in possession, but shall return them. On Monday (yesterday) my friend Smith's curiosity and interest in the matter caused him to call at the Secretary's office to learn the decision of the "so-called" special Committee jockeyed up Saturday afternoon. He was tendered a Diploma which he very properly refused.

Now, Messrs. Editors, I desire to say to the public that what I said to the individuals, who on Saturday professed to be special committees, that I am willing for my work, of all kinds, at any and all times to stand or fall on its real merits; that all I ask is a fair chance before a committee of acknowledged competency, when I will cheerfully abide the award, let it be what it may; and that I utterly repudiate and denounce all such absurd humbuggery as permits the award of first premiums on the same style of article entered by competing exhibitors. There should be no favors or prejudices allowed, no fears of giving offense. Exhibitions at Fairs are no schoolboy recreations but are presumed to be conducted by those who know their business, and have the nerve to do justice.

The public, and exhibitors especially, should discountenance, frown upon, denounce and put down all such practices.

In conclusion, I announce myself ready and willing to ship the three vehicles I exhibited last week, to Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, and place them in competition with any work manufactured in the South, North or West, before a committee fully competent to judge comparative merits and make an award—the result of which I do not fear.

DAVID McDURFEE.

CONVENTION OF GOVERNORS TO BE HELD AT ATLANTA.

Meeting of the Citizens on the Subject.

A number of our citizens held a meeting at the Kimball House yesterday, preparatory to calling on his Excellency Governor James M. Smith, to counsel with him in reference to calling a Convention of Governors of the Western and Southern States, to assemble in Atlanta at an early day to take into consideration the great enterprise of uniting the Mississippi Valley with the Atlantic Ocean, by means of direct water communication.

The following gentlemen were present: Major Campbell Wallace, Colonel E Hulbert, Mr E E Rawson, E P Chamberlin, J C Peck, A J McBride, J W Hurt, Thomas M Clark, M C Kiser, A Jordan, John Morrison, V E Tommy, W J Garrett, J W Backer, W P Patillo, A P Moreland, Colonel B W Probell, Colonels J E Sneed, of Savannah, E Hawkins, of St. Louis, W. M. Nichols, of the Kimball House.

On motion, Major C. Wallace was called to the chair, and Mr. W. P. Patillo requested to act as secretary.

Colonel Probell read a letter from Governor Smith notifying them of his illness, regretting his inability to meet them yesterday, and expressing his desire to meet them to-day.

Col. Probell made some interesting statements relative to the advantage of distance, cost of construction, etc., of this route; the statistics given by him were exceedingly interesting, and made it clear that "the Atlantic and Great Western Canal" has advantages over any other route constructed or proposed in the United States, and that it is a great National necessity.

It is needless to enumerate the advantages that will accrue to Atlanta and to Georgia on the completion of this wonderful enterprise: they are patent to every one. By all means, push forward the good work. Let the convention be held, and let every one who is interested in the future of Atlanta see that it is a success.

The meeting of a body, such as is now proposed, although an unusual occurrence in the South is no new thing, and especially in the West. In that enterprising and "go-a-head" section, Governors of States frequently meet and consult together upon questions of mutual interest, and the result has been the development on an energy and progress that has astonished the world.

We are glad to see that this system is about to be inaugurated here, and feel satisfied that nothing but good can result therefrom. Governor Smith has made a move in the right direction, and if followed up by the energy of which we believe him capable, will not only have a beneficial influence upon our prosperity in the matter of commerce and trade, but will make his administration one of the most noted and illustrious in the annals of the State and country.

Sunday in the Atlanta Churches.

ST. PHILLIPS' EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Sunday morning Rev. R.W B. Elliott, Rector, preached a discourse remarkable for eloquence and beauty.

St Peter V chapter, 10th and 11th verses:

"But the God of all grace, who hath called us unto His eternal glory by Jesus Christ, after that ye have suffered a while make you perfect, establish, strengthen, settle you.

"To Him be glory and dominion for ever and ever. Amen."

When the barbarous people of Melita saw the viper fasten itself upon the hand of St. Paul they said among themselves, "no doubt this man is a murdered whom, though he hath escaped the sea, vengeance suffereth not to live." They beheld the evil which had befallen the Apostle and, judging according to their low ideas of rewards and punishments, they pronounced him at once a criminal. But after they had looked a great while and saw no harm come to him, they changed their minds and said that he was a God. The pagans had applied to him their limited reasoning: First as regards temporal punishment, and next as regards temporal reward and were wrong in both conclusions.

In attempting to analyse

THE MYSTERY OF LIFE,

like most unreasoning men, they had no higher view than that the wicked suffer but the good do not.

It was the poorest method of divine government it lay upon the surface and they accepted it. They needed a Providence. They were peering about in the darkness to find Him. It was well that they perceived Him at all. What wonder that they misinterpreted his actions?

But when the world began to think. Then the Messiah began his work. His words were: "My Kingdom is not of this world."

LIFE IS NOT A PARENTHESIS

between birth and death, with no other signification. It is for education—only education. We can understand then the mercifulness of such sorrows as in this time of schooling call our attention to the lesson to be studied, and acknowledge, half sadly, the wisdom of the Apostle, when he says, "after that we have suffered awhile."

WHAT CAN THE UNBELIEVER MAKE OF SORROWS?

He denounces them as the demonises did Christ: "Why art thou come to torment us before our time?"—see no reason, understands no design, he do not God's voice, which, like an undertone, calls us unto His eternal glory.

We are encompassed by a cloud of witnesses—men once, like us, by suffering tried, but now with glory crowned—men who, through faith, wrought righteousness, obtained promises, had trial of cruel mockings and scourgings. These are our brethren of the

COMMUNION OF SORROW.

Every fact speaks of the Captain of our Salvation He was a man of sorrows, so it is written, he came to where was a garden, and began to be very sorrowful, saying: "My soul is exceeding sorrowful even unto death." afterwards he came to a place of a skull, called Golgotha, where was a cross, and a crown and a death agony. Yes, this communion of sorrow brings us to our Saviour's cross, "after that we have suffered a while."

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Elder T. M. Harris preached a fine discourse Sunday morning from 1st Samuel, 15th chapter 22d and 23d verses; Revelations, 22d chapter; Deuteronomy, 4th chapter. Subject:

POSITIVE LAW.

Text—1 Sam., xv: 22—23. "Behold, to obey is better than sacrifice, for rebellion is as the sin of witchcraft, and stubbornness is as iniquity and idolatry."

Rev 22d chap. "If any man shall add unto these things, God shall add unto him the plagues written in this book; and if any if any man shall take away from the words of the book of thy prophesy, God shall take away his part out of the book of life."

Deut., 4th chap. "Ye shall not add unto the word which I command you, neither shall ye diminish aught from it."

Law is defined by Mr. Blackstone to be a rule of action.

A better definition would be, that law is an expression of the will of the lawgiver. Of all the discoveries of law or gre.t principles regulating animate or inanimate nature, when pressed to their last analysis, we say, "God willed it so.

Law is mandatory, prohibitory or permissive. Mandatory when God says "thou shalt" Prohibitory when he says thou "shalt not," or permissive when he says "thou mayest."

Moral law to the old Theologians taught is founded in the nature and fitness of things

Positive law depend exclusively upon the will of the Law-giver.

POSITIVE LAW

is superior to, and above moral law.

1st. Because it is easier and antedates moral law. The first law given to man was a positive law and expressed in the following words: "Of every tree of the garden thou mayest freely eat; but of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil thou shalt not eat of it; for in the day that thou eatest thereof, thou shalt die." Gen. ii: 16, 17.

2d. It is one obedience to positive law is the only infallible test of faith, loyalty and love to the law giver.

Moral law can furnish no such test.

When God said of the forbidden fruit "thou shalt not eat of it," the eye said eat; the appetite said eat; the devil said eat and his own wife and his own heart said eat; but standing out and alone against all these was the single positive law, "thou shalt not eat." This was the only positive test of Adam's fidelity, and true by this he failed.

Because it sets aside and annuls all moral law that comes in contact with it:

Abraham was commanded to offer his son Isaac as a sacrifice. This was a positive law.

God had said, "whoso sheddeth mans blood by man shall his blood be shed." "Thou shalt not kill" "No murderer hath eternal life abiding in him." Sarah went home and said: Spare my child. Isaac would have asked to live. Abraham's heart would have pleaded for the child of his old age, and every moral sentiment was against it, yea, alone all these and resisting and silencing all was the positive command, "thou shalt offer Isaac a sacrifice."

4. The highest order of positive law always stated by the severest penalties. For Adam's transgression of

THE FIRST POSITIVE LAW

"came death and all our woes." For the transgression of the law of the Passover and of circumcision "that soul was to be cut off."

The conclusion is inevitable; positive law is superior to and above moral law. Let no man speak henceforth of the impossibility of faith in miracles.

5. Positive law will accomplish whatever God designed it should, whatever the seeming incongruity between the obedience required and the result pursued.

So of baptism with its antecedents—Faith and repentance for the remission of sins. The power is in

THE WILL OF GOD,

who has appointed, commanded these for the remission of sins.

OUR NATURALIZATION LAWS

furnishes our last illustration. A poor Irishman hears of our good land, and arriving upon our shores, standing in the humblest village in all our borders, and before the humblest magistrate that has a commission in his hand repeats vows together upon this subject and by that act, that test of his loyalty this government to the last man and to the last dollar, and pledges of an American citizen. So that man or woman who believes with his whole heart that Jesus Christ is the Son of God and the Saviour of sinners, who in deeply penitent and determined to forsake his sins, and with a true heart submits to the positive law of Christian Baptism stands in a new relation to God, a child of God and heir of all the promises, incorruptable, undefiled and that fadeth not away, and God's own eternal truth-fulness is pledged to secure to him all the rights and privileges of a child of God.

The virtue, the efficacy, the power is not in the water, is not in the administrator, but in the will of God, who has ordained them for the remission of sins. "Repent and be baptized, every one of you, for the remission of sins." "He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved."

TO MERCHANTS ONLY!

A. C. & B. F. WYLY,

HAVE NOW IN STORE THEIR MAMMOTH STOCK OF

Groceries, Meats, Lard, Flour, Etc., Etc.

CLOSE-BUYING, PROMPT-PAYING MERCHANTS WILL FIND IT TO THEIR ADVANTAGE TO CALL ON AND TRADE WITH

A. C. & B. F. WYLY,

CORNER DECATUR AND PRYOR STREETS,

OPPOSITE KIMBALL HOUSE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

oct19-d1w

W. L. WADSWORTH & CO.,

24 Whitehall Street.

OPPOSITE JAMES' BANK,

ARE now receiving and opening one of the largest and best assorted stocks of General

Hardware, Builders' Material, Tools,

Leather and Rubber Belting, Gum Packing,

Carriage Material and Tools, Plated Goods

Platform and Counter Scales, Grates and Mantels,

and Wooden Ware, ever Brought to this Place.

The finest lot of POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY in the market.

We have a large lot of Heating and Cooking Stoves, which we will sell at cost for cash and guarantee satisfaction.

Agents for R. Hoe & Co's Circular Saws. We invite the attention of close buyers, as we buy for cash and can thus afford to sell at a low figure.

Prompt attention given to orders from Country Merchants. oct11-dtu

Tommy, Stewart & Beck,

HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

Atlanta, Ga..

Are now opening a large and well selected stock of Hardware in their New Store, Corner Pryor and Decatur Streets, opposite Kimball House.

Manufacturer's Agents and Dealers in all kinds of

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, CUTLERY, Tools of all kinds, Builders' and Carriage Material; Agents for BURT'S SHINGLE MACHINES,

Sycamore Power Company's Rifle and Blasting Powder,

Mill Stones and Bolting Cloths, Proprietors of the Brooks' Cotton and Hay screw Press

We are doing a Wholesale Business, and always keep on hand an ample Stock to supply Retail Merchants and Contractors. sep25-d3m

PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN DECATUR.

The People Waking Up.

The people of Decatur met on Monday night for the purpose of considering the subject of building a public school house. Hon W. L. Goldsmith presided as chairman, and J. N. Wilson acted as secretary. The people present evidenced that they were fully alive to the necessity and importance of public schools. They subscribed $1,200 on the spot, and propose to raise $3,000 to erect a suitable building.

Local and Business Notices.

THE FAIR IS OVER.—People from every county in Georgia have visited this city within the last week. It has been a perfect success, and has brought a great deal of money to Atlanta. Cold weather is fast approaching, and when it does come you should be prepared to meet it. Don't undertake to meet it in your summer clothes, for chills, &c., will be sure to greet you, but go immediately and order your winter suit, and in ordering your suit go where you can get the best goods, well made, and for the least money. I will state that my stock of West of England's Fancy and Black Cloths, Doeskins, Beavers, Diagonal Coatings, Vestings, Pants, Cass, &c., is unexcelled in the city. I employ none but first-class workmen, use no trimming that are not the very best. I guarantee perfect fits, and at prices that cannot be beaten in the city. I solicit a share of your patronage, promising good goods, perfect fits, &c. My stock of Furnishing Goods is also complete. Everything in the line of Silk Goods, and in fact everything a gentlemen wears (hats and boots excepted.) In ordering your winter suits call in and look at my stock, (which is all new, there being no old stock carried over from last year.) I will fulfill everything I promise to your entire satisfaction. J. H. DYKEMAN,

Merchant Tailor Dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods, under the Kimball House, corner Decatur and Pryor streets. oct23-d2t

BOYD & BRUMBY have Sour Krout, Prunes, Goshen Butter and Fulton Market Beef.

oct22-d2t

CALL on Boyd & Brumby for new, fresh and nice Groceries. oct22-d2t

DURING this week we shall offer to the trade the largest assortment of All-wool Cassimeres, Satinents, Jeans and "Water-proof Cloths," ever offered to the public, and at prices which cannot be beat in this city. Ladies, recollect the "place," The New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street. STEINHEIMER BROS.

oct20—dtf

BUY your Family Groceries from Boyd & Brumby, 23 Whitehall street, next door to Redwine & Fox. oct23-d2t

BOYD & BRUMBY have Oranges, Lemons, Apples and Mince Meat. oct22-d2t

50,000 pairs of Boots and Shoes for Ladies, Gentlemen

The Daily Constitution.

QUEEN MAB.

A little fairy comes at night,
Her eyes are blue, her hair is brown,
With silver spots upon her wings,
And from the moon she flutters down.

She has a little golden wand,
And when a good child goes to bed,
She waves her wand from right to left;
And makes a circle round its head.

And then it dreams of pleasant things,
Of fountains filled with fairy fish,
And trees that bear delicious fruit,
And bow their branches at a wish;

Of arbors filled with dainty sweets,
From lovely flowers that never fade;
Bright flies that glitter in the sun,
And glow worms shining in the shade;—

And talking birds, with gifted tongues
For singing songs and telling tales;
And pretty dwarfs to show the way
Through fairy hills and fairy dales.

But when a bad child goes to bed,
From left to right she weaves her signs,
And then it dreams all through the night
Of only horrid, ugly things.

Then lions come with glaring eyes,
And tigers growl, a dreadful noise,
And ogres draw their cruel knives
To shed the blood of girls and boys.

Then stormy waves rush on to drown,
Or raging flames come scorching round;
Fierce dragons hover in the air,
And serpents crawl along the ground.

Then wicked children wake and weep,
And wish the long black gloom away;
But good ones love the dark and find
The night as pleasant as the day.

THE APPLING COUNTY MYSTERY.

Ghosts, Hobgoblins and Unseen Spirits to the Front.

Crockery, Pottery, Glassware and Butcher Knives.

Ears of Corn, Smoothing Irons and Books Jumping Around the Floor.

The Old Family Clock and Red Hot Brickbats.

Five Hundred People on the Ground.

On Saturday afternoon it will be remembered we published a brief paragraph stating that strange and supernatural manifestations had taken place at a house at No. 6, Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

NO. 6, OR SURRENCY.

Getting off the train they found no one in the little place as yet up, but going to the house of Mr. A. P. Surrency, they were admitted to a vacant room the fire in which had nearly died out.

We may as well remark here that the town, or Depot of Surrency consists only of a station house, one or two places of business and the residence of the gentleman from which it takes its name. It is situated in Appling county, 226 miles from Macon, and about 60 from Brunswick. Mr. Surrency is a gentleman well-to-do in the world, and is universally regarded as one of the most honorable citizens of the county, and it would seem that his house would be the last one ghosts would select in which to play mischief.

THE FIRST BRICK.

Mr. Lindenstruth finding the fire nearly out went to the wood pile to get something to make it up. While returning he heard a thud upon the floor of another room, as if something heavy had fallen. Thinking some member of the family had arisen, he paid no more attention to it. But subsequent events convinced him that that was the first brick thrown by the ghosts or whatever agency is at work on the premises, as no member of the family had as yet got up.

WAHT MR. SUMNER SAYS.

Soon after daylight Mr. Surrency came into the room, and after giving his guests a hearty welcome, proceeded to tell from the beginning what had taken place up to that time.

On Friday evening, a short while before dark, the family were greatly alarmed by a stick of wood flying into the house and falling about the floor from directions they could tell nothing about, and without any human agency they could see or find out. The wood would fall before being seen, and what made the mystery still more mysterious, the room into which the wood was falling had all its doors and windows closed. This was in the front room.

Soon after dark they stopped falling and was succeeded by brickbits which fell at short intervals throughout the night in every room in the house. Mr. Surrency, his wife, two grown daughters, Mr. Roberts a clerk, and a Baptist minister by the name of Blitch were present, and with the exception of the minister who got upon his horse and left, they all remained awake the whole night. Notwithstanding the windows and doors were tightly closed and no opening left in any portion of the house, these brickbats continued to fall, but although sometimes just missing not one struck any person.

BOTTLES AND GLASS TAKE A HAND.

Soon after the bricks commenced falling bottles, vases, and glassware generally commenced jumping from their usual places, falling and breaking. Mr. Surrency seeing the destruction going on, directed a negro man to take four bottles containing kerosene oil out of the house and place them in the yard. No sooner had he set them down when one flew back, fell in the middle of the room, scattering the oil in every direction. The whole family saw this. It seemed to come down from the ceiling overhead, and indeed everything else falling did so perpendicularly —that is to say came straight down from above.

The strange antics continued with scarcely one minutes' interruption until daylight Saturday morning, when they ceased, leaving the house bankrupt in crockery and glassware, and a large quantity of brickbats and billets of wood around the floor.

That afternoon, or on Saturday, 19th, they commenced again pretty much in the same manner and doing about what had taken place the night previously. The family, which had now been joined by many neighbors, watched every nook and corner of the house, to detect, and if possible, to unravel the mystery. But so quickly would pitchers, tumblers, books and other articles jump from their positions and dash to the floor the eye could not follow, and broken fragments were the first things seen, except in one instance, and that was a pan of water and some books; they were seen to start.

Chairs, shoes and clothing were tumbled about the house, as if the hand of a veritable witch of unseen devil was present. But the greatest mystery and most inexplicable incident of this day was the escape of a lot of ordinary clothes hooks from a locked bureau drawer. They also fell on the floor, the drawer remaining tightly closed, as usual. Nothing else of special note occurred to-day. All got quiet at half-past eight o'clock Saturday night.

THE OPERATIONS OF SUNDAY.

As stated above our special reporter arrived before daybreak and heard the story of Mr. Surrency as above related. So soon as he got through with it he stepped up to the

OLD FAMILY CLOCK,

and was about relating how rapidly the hands had traveled around the dial when the ghosts were about, on the previous day. All eyes were turned to it and much to their astonishment the hands commenced running around at the rate of about five hours a minute. It was a 30 hour weight clock, and after seeing it run at this rate for a short while, our reporter who is a watchmaker by profession employed at the store of Mr. J. H. Otto on Fourth street, determined to at least solve this mystery as it was directly in his line. He stopped the clock, carefully examined the machinery and found it not only in perfect order but nothing whatever unusual inside or out. He could not for the life of him see the slightest thing wrong about it.

THE MAGNET THEORY.

It has been suggested that there may be a large magnet about or under the house, but magnets do not attract wooden substances and besides, while the clock was running at its rapid rate Mr. L. had his watch in his pocket, which kept on in its usual way and was not in the least affected. He set the clock right, when it continued to keep correct time up to the time he left.

A RED HOT BRICKBAT.

Nothing else unusual occurred until 17 minutes before 12 o'clock, when the performances reopened by a pair of scissors jumping from the table to the floor. At that time Mr. Lindenstruth was sitting in a chair when, without the slightest premonition a large brickbat fell with great force right beside him breaking in two. He immediately picked up a piece of it and handed it to Mason and both found it hot. Then taking up the other piece he tried two or three times to break it by throwing it on the floor, but failed. He then laid this second half on the sill of a window in the room intending to bring it home. Resuming his seat near the front stoop, he was again startled by the piece he had placed on the window falling at his feet and once more breaking into two pieces. He did not pick it up again.

At 12 o'clock, a smoothing iron jumped from the fire-place about six feet into the room. It was replaced and again jumped out. He noticed that the iron was also hot but this may have been heated at the fire.

A SHOWER OF CORN.

At about this time dinner was announced, when the family and many guests walked out to the table. Soon after being seated an ear of corn, apparently from the ceiling, overhead, fell between Mr. James Campbell, of Macon, and Mrs. Surrency; striking the floor with great force it broke in two, scattering the grains all over the room. Later in the day another ear of corn fell in another room, striking near Mrs. Burns, a Northern lady, who at the same time had an infant in her arms.

Soon after this whilst Mr. D. M. McGaulley, Allen Walls, Robert R. Prestall, C. C. Eason, John M. Walls, J. W. Roberts and Daniel Carter of that neighborhood, and Campbell, Lindenstruth and Mason, were standing in the front room, a chamber glass was smashed into fifty pieces in the centre of the room. They were at the time intently watching everything visible in the room, but none saw this until after the vessel was broken.

THE EXCITEMENT—EXTRA TRAIN.

So rapidly had the news spread, and so great was the excitement, the Macon and Brunswick Railroad dispatched an extra train on Sunday. It arrived at Surrency about three o'clock in the afternoon, with seventy-five people on board.

But the ghosts, spirits, or whatever else they might be called, did not choose to give them any manifestations, and the train left in about an hour, taking most of them back. A few remained, however, determined to see into the matter. There were at least three or four hundred persons on the ground during Sunday, and up to the time our reporter left fully five hundred had visited the place.

OTHER SIGNS AND WONDERS.

While all these things were going on in the house, the kitchen department was by no means idle. Butcher knives, pots, kettles and crockery ware were falling around loose to the terror and horror of the cook.

Another mysterious thing occurred on the first or second day. Little piles of sugar totally unlike anything of the kind then used by the family were found upon the floor of the residence. In one of these a few pins and a steel pen were found. There were various other incidents of this totally incomprehensible mystery related to and seen by our reporter, but enough have already been given.

WHAT IS IT?

No one who has as yet visited the place can give any rational theory as to the agency which produces these strange sights. Mr. Surrency is a plain, old fashioned Georgia gentleman and is greatly annoyed and disgusted with the whole proceedings. He peremptorily refused any compensation from any one of the two or three hundred persons who have eaten at his table. If they are produced by magnets, they must be of a different kind from any ever known.

We must leave the question to some one else for solution.

At the time our Macon party left people were coming in from all directions, and we presume the excitement continued to-day unabated.—*Macon Enterprise.*

Leading Notices.

THROW not people's faults in their teeth, for there are few teeth that have not faults of their own. There is but one way to preserve them without spot or blemish, and that is, by the daily use of the best dentrifice in existence, fragrant Sozodont, cool, refreshing and agreeable. oct22-deod1w&wlt.

GLOSSY black whiskers are admired by every lady. You can have them by using Dr. Tutt's Improved Hair Dye. Sold everywhere. oct22-deod1w&wlt.

PIMPLES and brown spots on the face, Eruptions, Blotches, Scrofulous Diseases, and all sores arising from impure blood, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. oct22 deod1w&wlt.

UNDEVELOPED VIGOR.—The feeble and debilitated usually fancy they are in a more hopeless condition than they really are. The resources of nature are not easily exhausted. Even when strength and appetite fail, when the eyes are heavy and lustreless, the complexion pallid, the nerves tremulous, the body attenuated, and the mind depressed, there is generally a reserve of latent power behind such palpable evidences of weakness. Various modes of treatment are resorted to by physicians in the hope of developing and rendering available this store of sleeping vitality, but the surest, and indeed the only thoroughly safe and reliable means of awakening the dormant energies of the system is a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Electricity, shower baths, the flesh brush, sea bathing, etc., may be well enough in their way, as auxiliaries, but they do not reach the source of the evil. All physical debility proceeds either from a derangement of the functions of the assimilating, secretive and vital organs, or from a sluggish constitution. In either case, and also in cases where both causes exist, the Bitters will invariably produce an immediate and salutary change in the condition of the patient, and eventually effect a complete cure. None of the dangerous alkaloids, too often administered as tonics, can be otherwise than deleterious under such circumstances, and to give mercury is positively criminal. The direct effect of the great vegetable specific will be manifested in an improved appetite, a more cheerful frame of mind, a gradual return of strength, an increase of flesh, and a healthier complexion. Meanwhile, however, the constitution, if inert and feeble, will have been roused and renovated by the subtile elements of invigoration contained in the Bitters. oct22-deod1w&wlt.

BLESSINGS brighten as they take their flight. The chief of blessings is good health, without which nothing is worth the having; it is always appreciated at its true value after it is lost, but too often not before. Live properly, and correct ailments before they become seated. For diseases of the liver, kidneys, skin, stomach, and all arising from impure or feeble blood, DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are a sure and speedy remedy. It has never yet failed in a single instance. sep13—d&w4w

THE GREAT HAIR PRODUCER.—Hair Oils, Pomatums and Pomades have had their day. They belong to the musty past. Nobody that understands the chemistry of the hair and the philosophy of its growth thinks of using them. Instead of clogging the pores of the scalp with thick unguents, and thus obstructing the insensible perspiration which is essential to the health of the fibers, we now tone the surface of the head with an invigorating application which penetrates to the roots of the hair and stimulates them in the same way that the fertilizing agents spread over the meadows stimulate the grass roots and cause the blades to spring up in myriads, coating the earth with verdure. The invigorant best adapted to this purpose is Lyon's Kathairon. It may well be called the fertilizer of the head. To the barren scalp it communicates vegetable power. If the hair is dropping out or becoming dry and withered, it arrests the process of dilapidation or blight. The hair thickens and becomes glossy and flexible under its genial operation, and as a dressing it is unapproachable by any preparation that has yet yet been laid on the toilet of Fashion. oct22-deod1w&wlt.

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York. oct3—d1y

GINZBURGER & HARALSON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ATLANTA, GA.,

SOLE Agents for the East Tennessee Coal Company, office and yard on Broad street, opposite Trout House Depot. Ample supply of Anthracite, Premium East Tennessee Lump and Blacksmith Coal.

Also, best brands of Georgia and Tennessee Lime. Special attention given to Consignments of Grain, Hay, etc.

Cash must accompany orders. oct11-d1y

READ HOUSE.

Passenger Depot,

CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE.

H. READ, Proprietor.

GORMAN'S

River Plantation

FOR SALE.

18 Miles from Atlanta.

N. B. FOWLER, Auctioneer

In Douglass County.

1,248 ACRES.

640 Acres of Fine Bottom Land.

The balance Oak and Hickory—Well Timbered.

IT HAS BEEN SUBDIVIDED INTO

Four Farms.

No. 1—194 ACRES WOOD LAND—80 of which is Creek and River Bottom uncleared, and 111 Acres of River Bottom cleared. All of which will be sold as subdivided or as the purchaser may desire. A

New Grist Mill and Cotton Gin

is on this Farm. Also,

Two Tenement Houses,

one of 4 rooms and out buildings.

No. 2 contains 184 acres of woodland land, 130 acres of bottom land. On this is a

Frame Dwelling

of 8 rooms and out buildings, and two fine orchards.

No. 3 has 148 acres of wood land, cleared land 147 acres. On this is two tenement houses. On this, also, is a splendid

WATER POWER.

No. 4 has 254 acres of wood land, cleared land 185 acres. On this place are

Three Tenement Houses.

The above property will be

Sold in Atlanta,

—ON THE—

First Tuesday in November next,

AT AUCTION.

If parties desire they can effect a private sale of this property.

WE ALSO HAVE A

FARM IN CAMPBELL COUNTY

FOR SALE.

It consists of 450 acres, 150 acres of Creek bottom, balance well timbered. On it is a good Frame Dwelling and out buildings.

Terms—One-half cash; balance in 12 months.

Map can be seen at Redwine & Fox's, Atlanta, Ga. Surveyed by D. T. Milling.

A. S. & JAMES M. GORMAN,
Proprietors.

REFERENCES—Wallace & Fowler, W. J. Garrett, Gen. A. Austell, M. G. Dobbins. sep18-d1tst-thes-in-nov

SOUTHERN

TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

TERRA COTTA WORKS

—SUCH AS—

Window Caps,

Enrichments for Cornice, such as

BRACKETS, MEDALLION,

and everything in the Architectural line. Also,

CHIMNEY TOPS, VASES,

Flower Pots, Statuary, Etc., Etc.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

may31—d1y PELLEGRINI & GIORGI.

THE KENTUCKY

LIBRARY GIFT CONCERT.

$500,000 IN BANK TO PAY ALL GIFTS

A Full Drawing in Sight!!

$100,000 FOR ONLY $10

AT the Second Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature, in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, unavoidably postponed from September 25 to December 4, and which positively and unconditionally occurs in Louisville, Ky., Saturday, December 7, 1872, without further delay on any account whatsoever, the following Cash Gifts are for distribution by lot among the ticket holders:

One Grand Gift, cash			$100,000
One Grand Gift, cash			50,000
One cash Gift	25,000	4 cash Gifts	$1,000 each
One cash Gift	20,000	15 cash Gifts	1,000 each
One cash Gift	15,000	30 cash Gifts	900 each
One cash Gift	10,000	21 cash Gifts	800 each
One cash Gift	9,000	25 cash Gifts	700 each
One cash Gift	8,000	35 cash Gifts	600 each
One cash Gift	7,000	40 cash Gifts	500 each
One cash Gift	6,000	50 cash Gifts	400 each
One cash Gift	5,000	60 cash Gifts	300 each
One cash Gift	4,000	100 cash Gifts	200 each
One cash Gift	3,000	612 cash Gifts	100 each
Total 1,000 Gifts, all cash			$300,000

The money to pay all these gifts is now upon deposit, and set apart for that purpose, in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, as will be seen by the following certificate of the Cashier:

FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK,
Louisville, Ky., September 26, 1872.

This is to certify that there is now on deposit in this bank over half a million of dollars to pay gifts of the Gift Concert, fund $500,000 of which is held by this bank as Treasurer of the Public Library of Kentucky to pay off all gifts to be drawn at the drawing.

R. S. VERCH, Cashier.

Price of Tickets.

Whole tickets, $10; half tickets, $5; quarter tickets, $2 50; 11 whole tickets for $100; 25 for $225; 50 for $450; 113 for $1,000; 225 for $2,000; 575 for $5,000. No discount on less than $100 worth of tickets at a time.

The drawing will positively and unequivocally take place December 7. Agents are purposely required to close sales and make returns November 25, in order to give ample time for the final arrangements. Orders for tickets or application for circulars should be addressed to

Gov. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Public Library of Kentucky.
oct13-wed&sat1mowrld Louisville, Ky.

R. W. JONES, Covington, Ga. | A. A. MORRIS, Jonesboro, Ga.

LIVERY

Sale and Feed Stables,

COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

JONES & MORRIS.....Proprietors.

KEEP always on hand good turn-outs, fast horses and careful drivers. Persons wishing to go in the country, or to any town, will find it to their interest to give us a call. Stock will be taken care of when required to be left. Stock on hand for sale, at all times. sep26-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS WANTED | SOMETHING NEW. 6 salable articles, sell at sight. Circulars and one sample free. N. Y. M'f'g Co., 21 Courtlandt st., N. Y.

DON'T

Be Deceived. Don't for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and bronchial difficulties, use only

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Worthless imitations are on the market, but the only scientific preparation of Carbolic Acid for Lung diseases is when chemically combined with pure wild cherry resinous principles, as these TABLETS, and all parties are cautioned against dealing only where they

Inhale one of Imitation of the mucous membrane these TABLETS should be freely used, their cleansing and healing properties are astonishing.

Be warned. Never neglect a cold, it is easily cured in its incipient state, when it becomes chronic the cure is exceedingly difficult, use Wells' Carbolic Tablets as a specific.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., New York.
Sole Agent for United States.
Price 25 cents a box. Send for Circular.

"HAND STAMPS" all varieties. Circulars free. Agents Wated. W. H. H. Davis & Co., Mfrs. 79 Nassau, N. Y.

Builders! Send stamp for Illustrated Catalogue on Building. A. J. BICKNELL & CO., 27 Warren street, New York.

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS!

AN ELEGANTLY BOUND CANVASSING BOOK for the best and cheapest Family Bible ever published, will be sent free of charge to any book agent. It contains nearly 100 fine Scripture illustrations, and agents are meeting with unprecedented success. Address, stating experience, etc., and we will show you what our agents are doing. NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, Memphis, Tennessee, or Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Experienced Book Agents and Canvassers, in all parts of the U. S. to sell THE MEMOIR OF ROGER BROOKE TANEY, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the U. S. No book heretofore published in this country, throws so much light upon our Constitutional and Political History. It is a work of extraordinary interest and of permanent value to the Historian, the Lawyer, the Statesman, the Politician, and every class of intelligent readers. Sold by Subscription only—Exclusive Territory given.

For Terms, for Life of TANEY—Life of GEN LEE, &c., address at once, MURPHY & CO., Publishers, Baltimore.

Agents Wanted. $75 to $250 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully licensed and warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $250 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Boston, Mass.; Pittsburg, Pa.; Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Missouri.

SHALER'S PATENT

PARADE TORCH

for the CAMPAIGN of 1872, is a striking novelty in the torch line. The burning fluid being contained in the packing, prevents all danger of dripping and soiling the clothing, and is perfectly safe in handling. By blowing through a tube in the handle

A COLUMN OF FLAME

is thrown three feet into the air, producing a beautiful and startling effect, and illuminating a wide area. This torch is cheaper and handier than any other, and costs to burn only two or three cents per night. Manufactured and sold by

S. M. AIKMAN & CO.
261 Pearl street, New York.
Manufacturers of Ship, R. R. and Hand Lanterns.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!

On the line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD, 12,000,000 acres of the best Farming and Mineral Lands in America.

3,000,000 Acres in Nebraska, in the Platte Valley, now for sale.

Mild Climate, Fertile Soil,

for Grain growing and Stock Raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

Free Homesteads for Actual Settlers.

The best location for Colonies—Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres.

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free every where.

Address, O. F. DAVIS,
Land Com'r U. P. R. R. Co.,
OMAHA, NEB.

Thompson's

WORLD-RENOWNED PATENT

Glove-Fitting Corset.

No Corset has ever enjoyed such a world-wide popularity. The demand for them is constantly increasing, because THEY GIVE

Universal Satisfaction,

Are Handsome, Durable, Economical and

A Perfect Fit.

Ask for THOMPSON'S GENUINE GLOVE FITTING, every Corset being stamped with the name THOMPSON, and the trade-mark a Crown.

sold by all First-Class Dealers.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN

JURUBEBA

BLOOD PURIFIER

It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, from continued use brings Piles and kindred diseases to aid in weakening the invalid, nor is it a doctored liquor, which, under the popular name of "Bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but it is a most powerful Tonic and Alterative, pronounced so by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris, and has been long used by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

retains all the medical virtues peculiar to the plant, and must be taken as a permanent curative agent.

Is there want of action in your Liver and Spleen? Unless relieved at once the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, etc.

Take JURUBEBA to cleanse, purify and restore the vitiated blood to healthy action.

Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly wielded the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the blood, dropsical tendency, general weakness or lassitude.

Take it to assist Digestion without reaction, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer.

Have you a weakness of the Intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhœa or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.

Take it to allay irritation and ward off tendency to inflammations.

Have you a weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You must procure instant relief or you are liable to suffering worse than death.

Take it to strengthen organic weakness or life becomes a burden.

Finally it should be frequently taken to keep the system in perfect health or you are otherwise in great danger of malarial, miasmatic or contagious diseases.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York,
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price, One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.
oct15—

W. W. TREADWELL,

DESIGNER AND ENGRAVER-ON-WOOD

Room 27.

132 NASSAU ST. N.Y.

Engraving of Landscapes, Buildings, and Special Attention paid to

Machinery and Mechanical Work,

and Patents, Book Illustrations, Illustrated Catalogues.

Work got up at shortest notice, at

W. W. TREADWELL,
132 Nassau street.

Office Room 27. oct13-d1m

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY,

Atlanta, Georgia.

THE exercises of this institution will be resumed on the

1st Monday in October

and by Close on the

1st Wednesday in July, 1873.

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For further particulars address

REV. DAVID WILLS, D. D.,
President.
JOHN S. WILSON,
President Board of Trustees.

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	8.30 o'clock, A. M
Leave Atlanta	4. M
Arrive at Atlanta	P. M
Arrive at Augusta	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	P. M
Leave Atlanta	P. M
Arrive at Atlanta	A. M
Arrive at Augusta	A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leave Atlanta	5 45 P. M
Leave Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M
Arrive Atlanta	9 45 A. M
Arrive Stone Mountain	7 P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, Sundays excepted.

Leaves Atlanta	8:00 A M
Leaves Macon	8:30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	4:30 P M
Arrives at Macon	7:30 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4:00 P M
Leaves Macon	5:00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4:30 P M
Arrives at Macon	2:35 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	9 30 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5:30 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8:30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4:37 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4:45 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	12 45 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4:45 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:40 P. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	4:15 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	9:47 P. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	2:40 P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	8:30 P. M.
Arrive at Savannah	8:35 A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7:15 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	9:35 A. M.
Leave Kingston	9:00 A. M
Arrive at Home	10:00 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	2:30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10:00 P. M.
Leave Kingston	1:30 P. M.
Arrive at Rome	5:30 P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8:30 A M	9:30 P M
Arrive Chattanooga	4:37 P M	3:33 A M
Arrive Nashville	12:50 A M	1:05 P M
Arrive McKenzie	8:30 A M	8:30 P M
Arrive Memphis	3:10 P M	3:35 A M
Arrive Little Rock		6:30 P M
Arrive Hickman	12:39 P M	12:21 A M
Arrive Union City	12:30 A M	10:30 P M
Arrive Columbus	12:00 noon	12:00 m'd't
Arrive St. Louis	10:15 P M	9:50 A M
Arrive Louisville	8:40 A M	9:55 P M

ALBERT B. WIKINS,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 43 P M
Leaves Newnan	7 00 A M
Arrives at Griffin	9 47 A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	6 5 A. M
Arrives at West-Point	11 42 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point	3 35 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	7 00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05 P M
Arrives at West-Point	11 30 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West Point	3 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	8 10 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 32 A M
Leaves End of Track	2 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 27 P M

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J. A. BOBBET, General Ticket Agent.
Jan30—d1y

P. LEE. J. W. EIGHTOWER.

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Griffin, Georgia,

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apr16—d1y

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jan23—d1y

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aug27-d1y WM. R. HANLEITER.

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